

# Stand und Entwicklung des Sortenbestandes im Walliser Weinberg

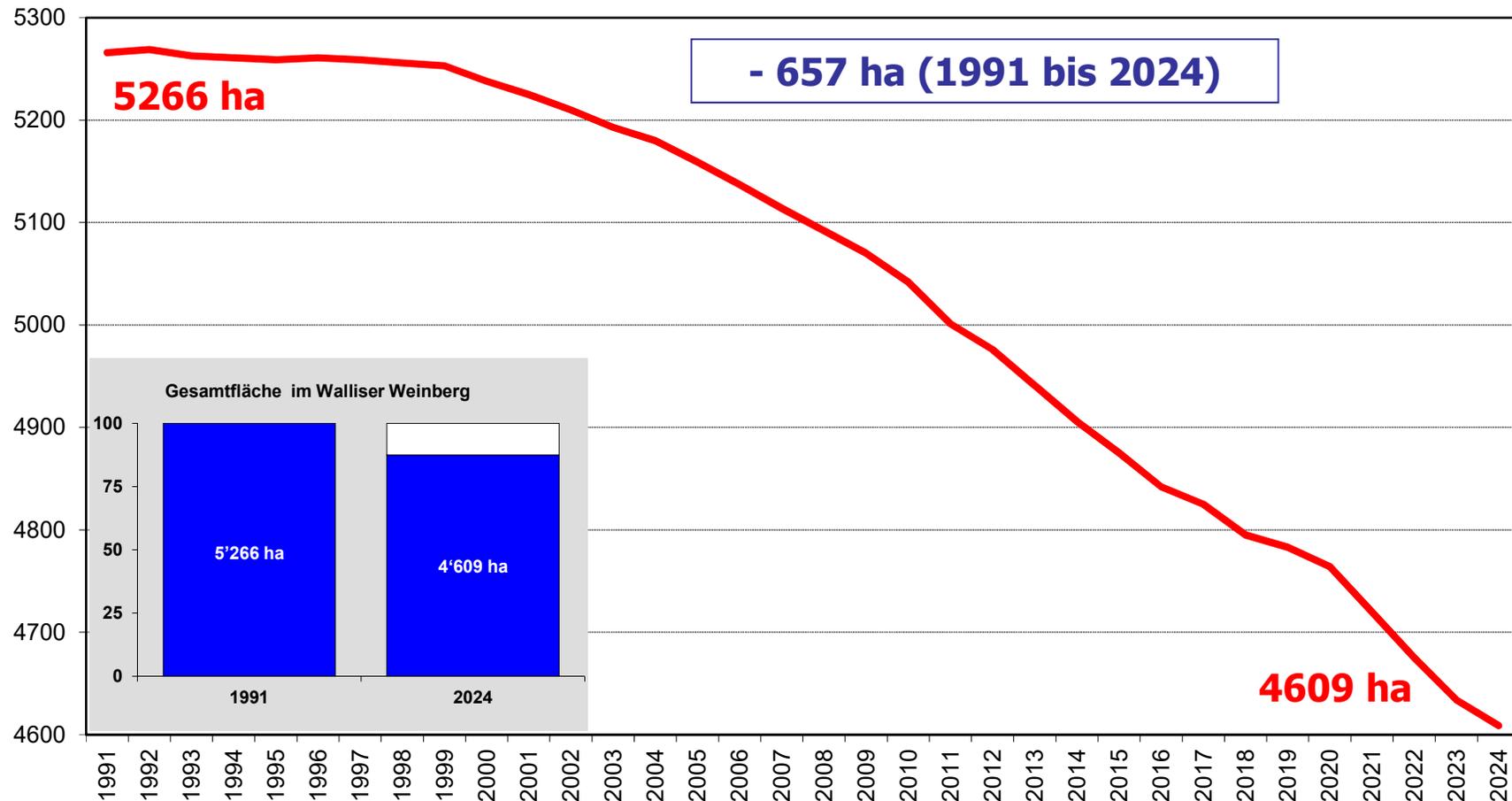
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Amt für Rebbau und Wein  
Rebbergregisterauszug 31. Dezember 2024

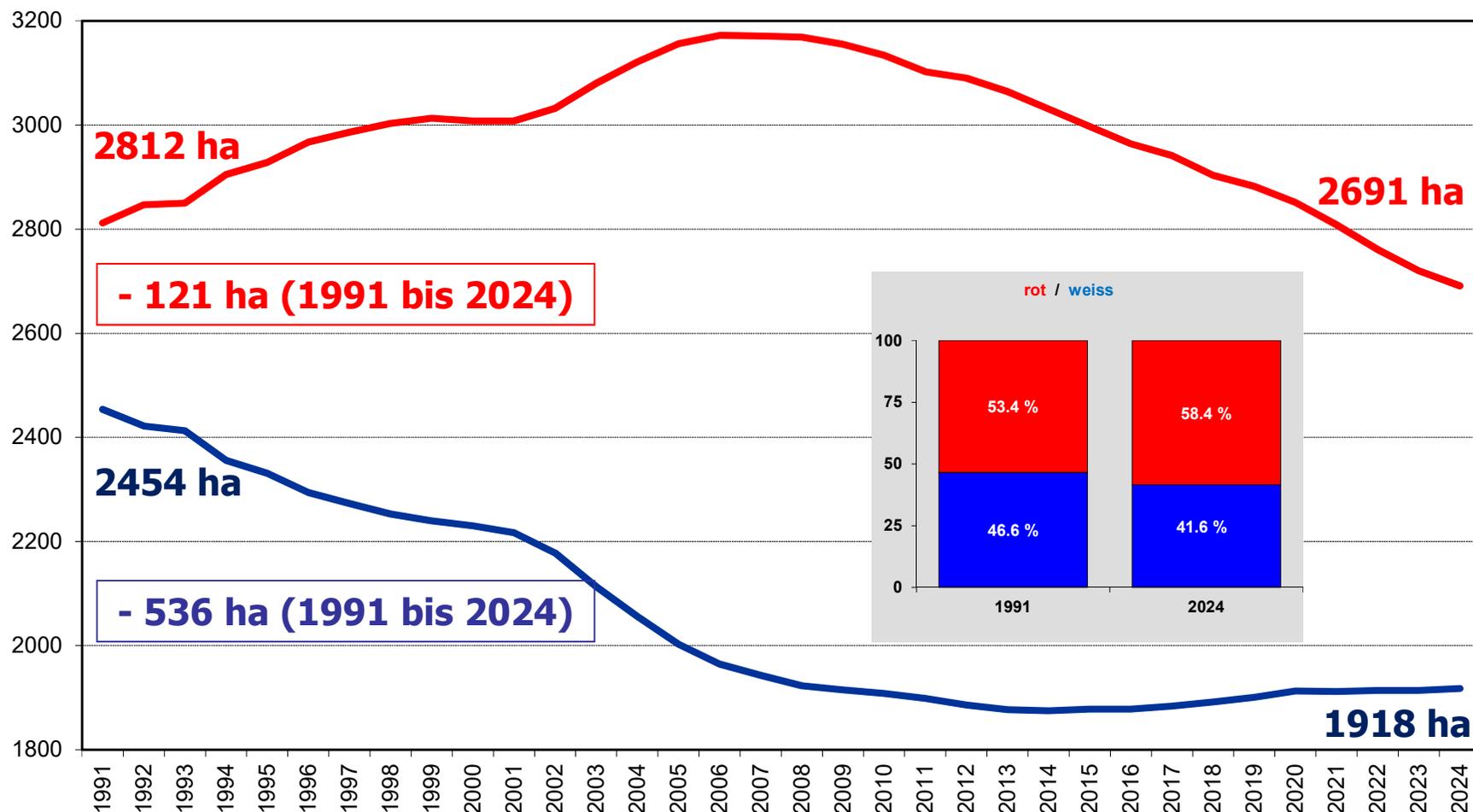
# Walliser Weinberg

- Situation zwischen 1991 und 2024 (Folio 3 bis 5)
- Erneuerungsrhythmus (Folio 6)
- Drei Hauptsorten (Folio 7 bis 14)
- Einheimische Rebsorten (Folio 15 bis 22)
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- Übersichtstabelle (Folio 39)

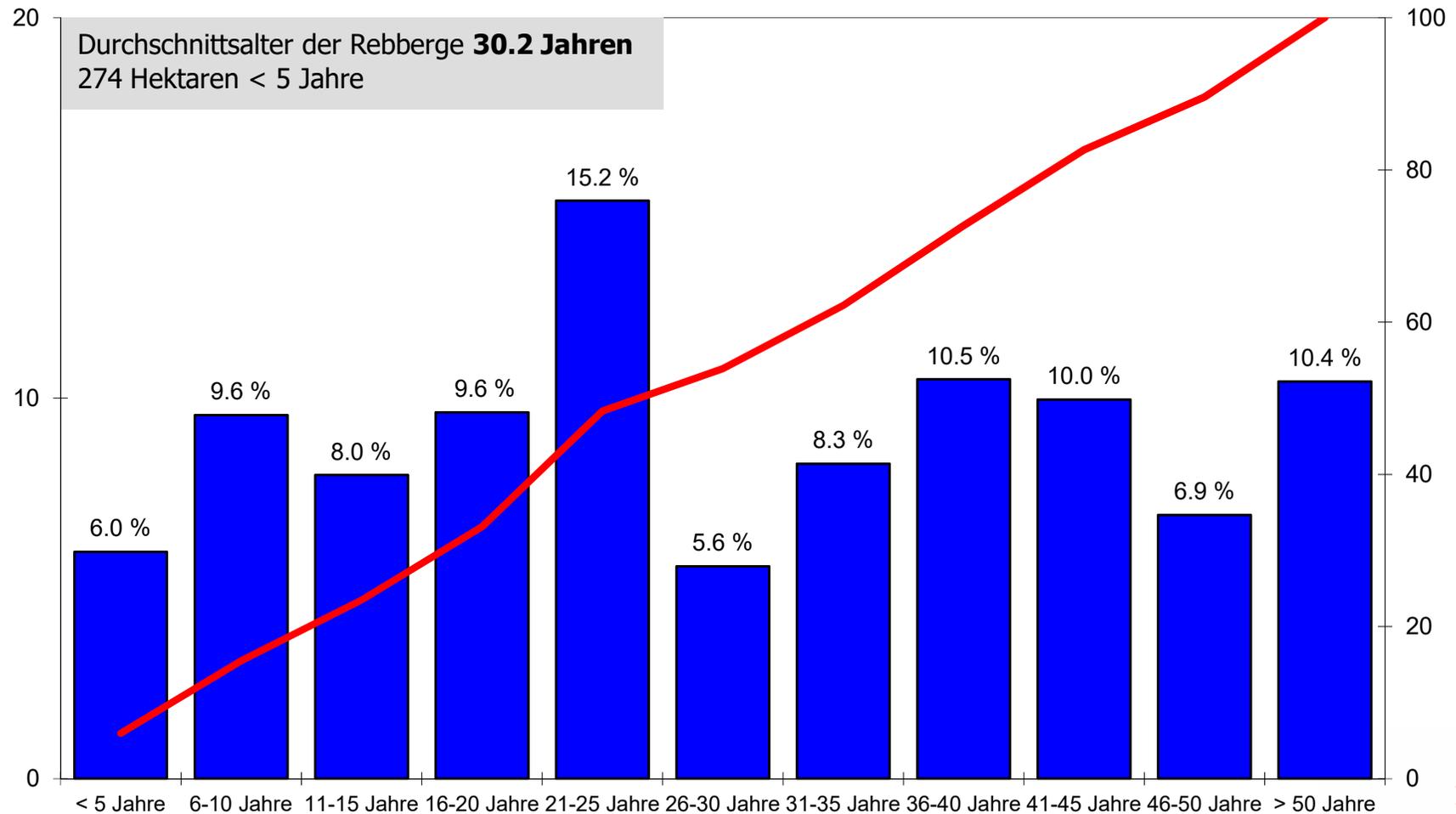
# Entwicklung der Gesamtfläche im Walliser Weinberg



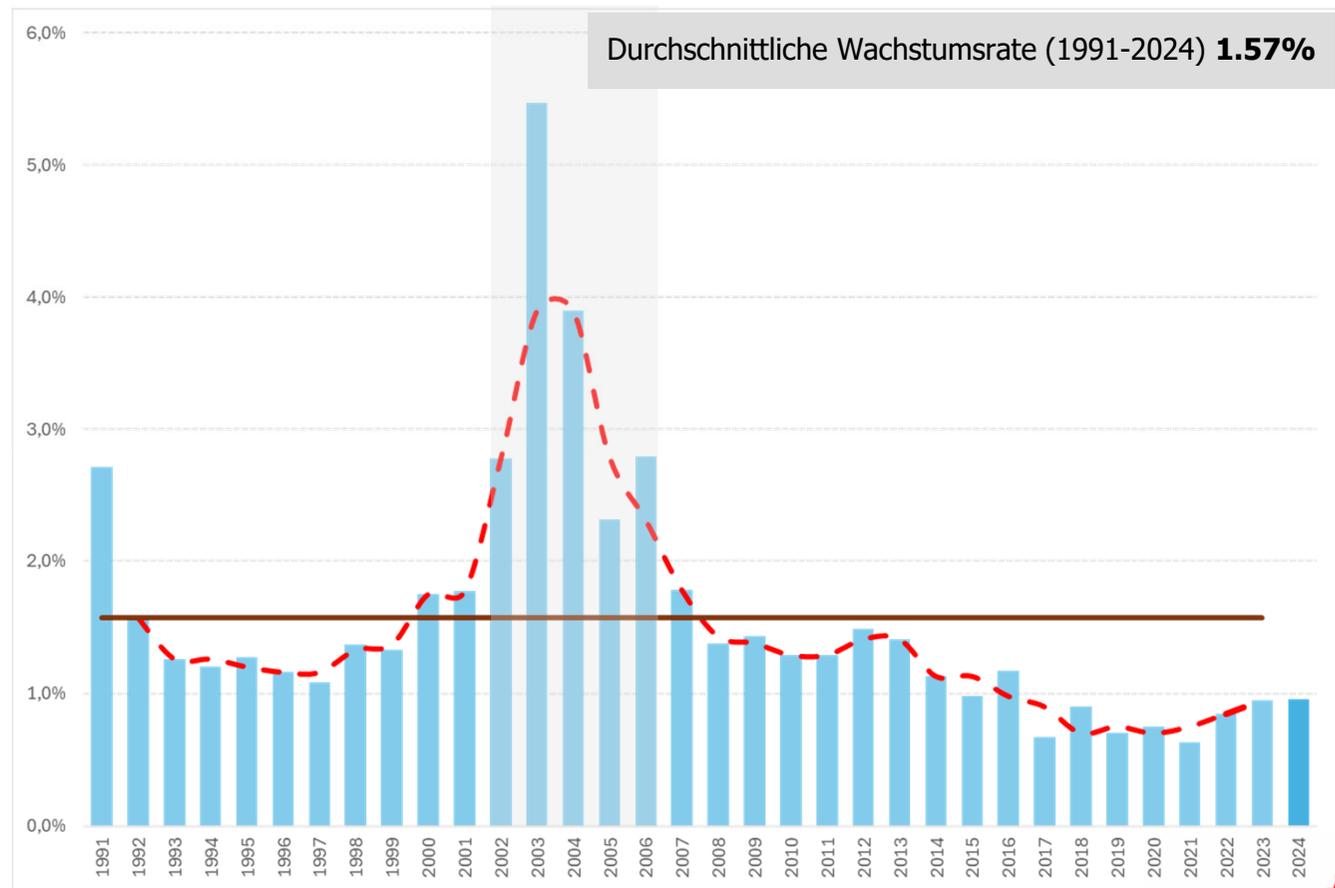
# Entwicklung der Flächen mit roten und weissen Rebsorten im Walliser Weinberg



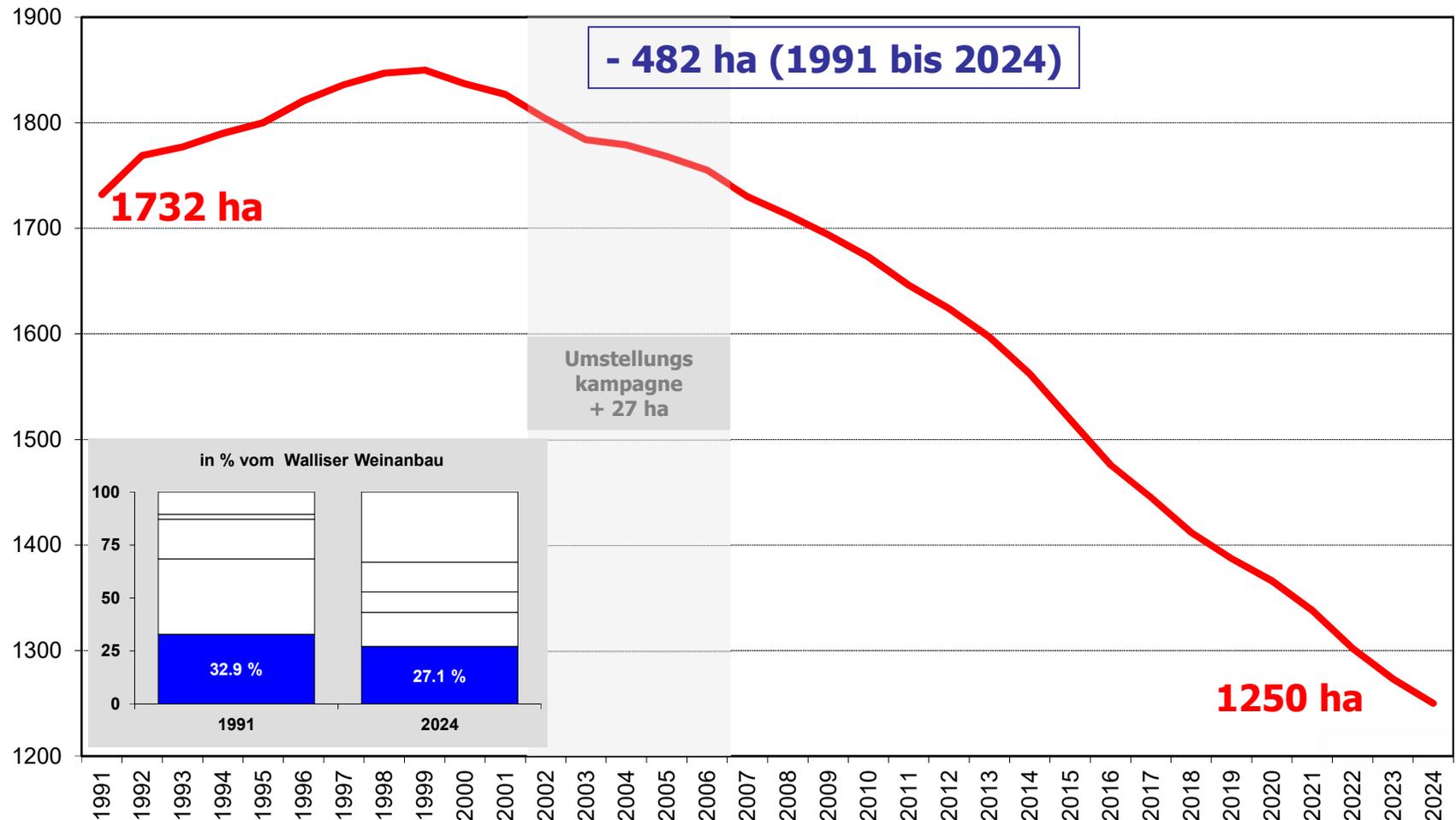
# Altersstruktur des Walliser Weinberges (Abstufungen von 5 Jahren)



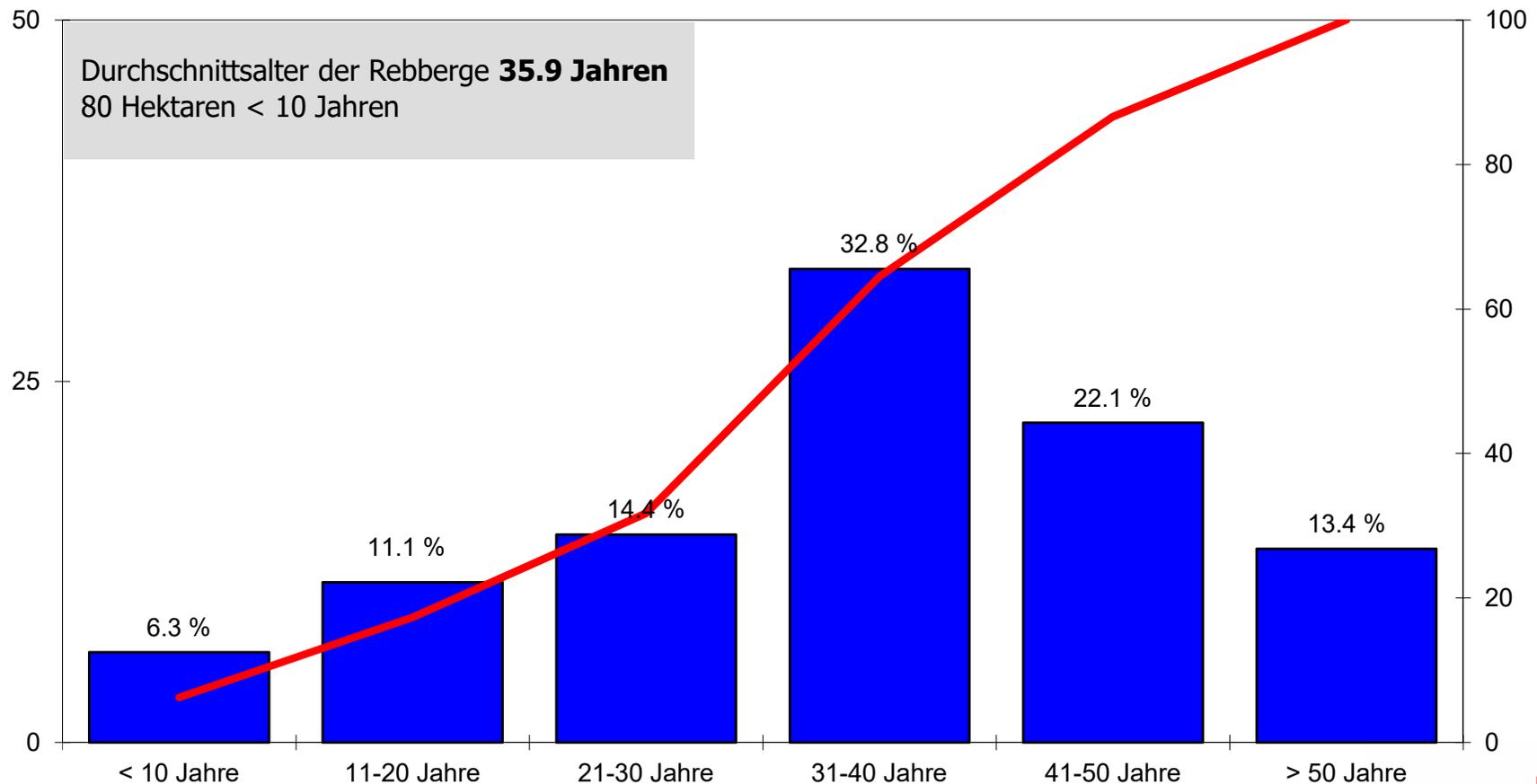
# Erneuerungsrythmus des Weinberges



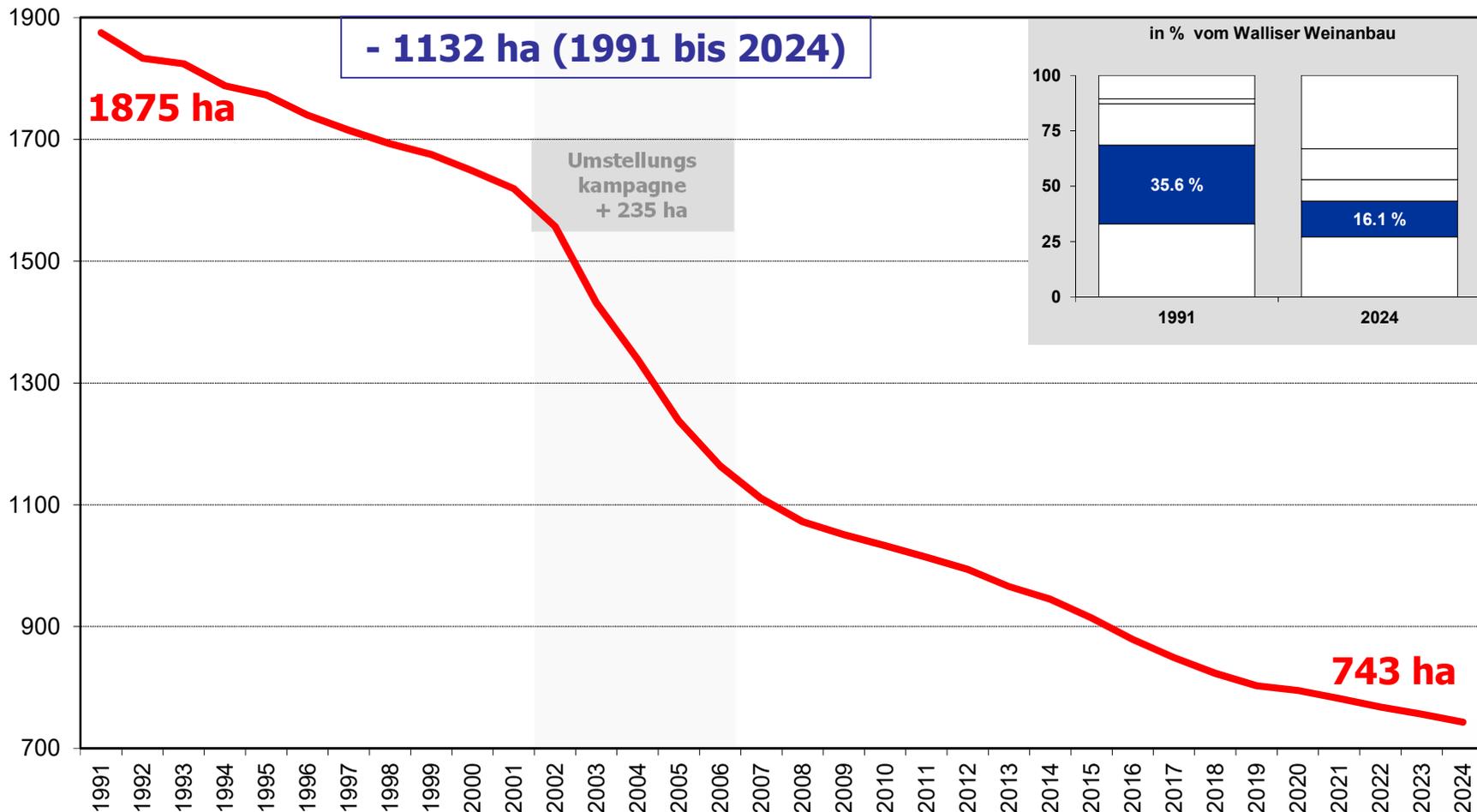
# Flächenentwicklung pinot noir



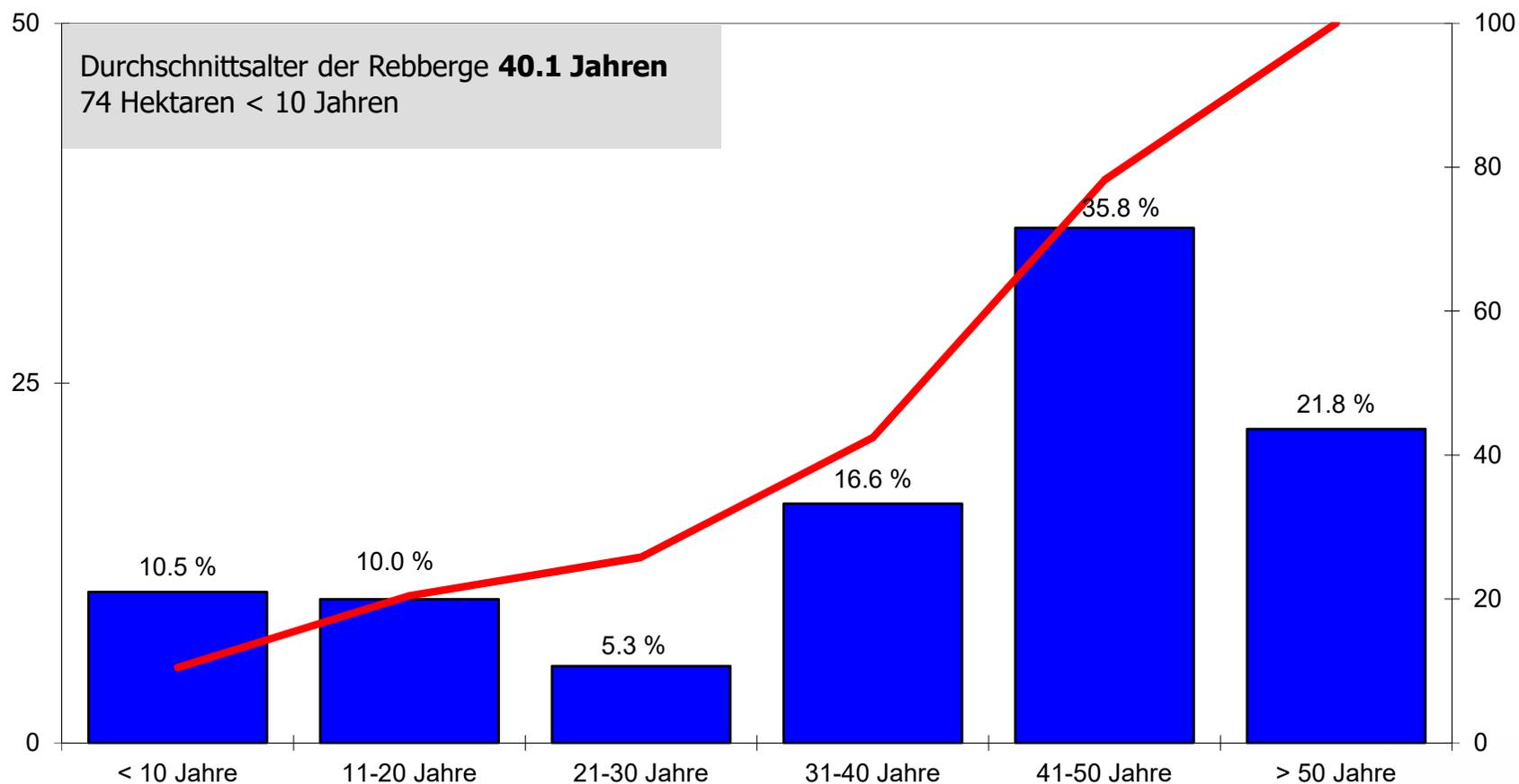
# Alterstruktur pinot noir



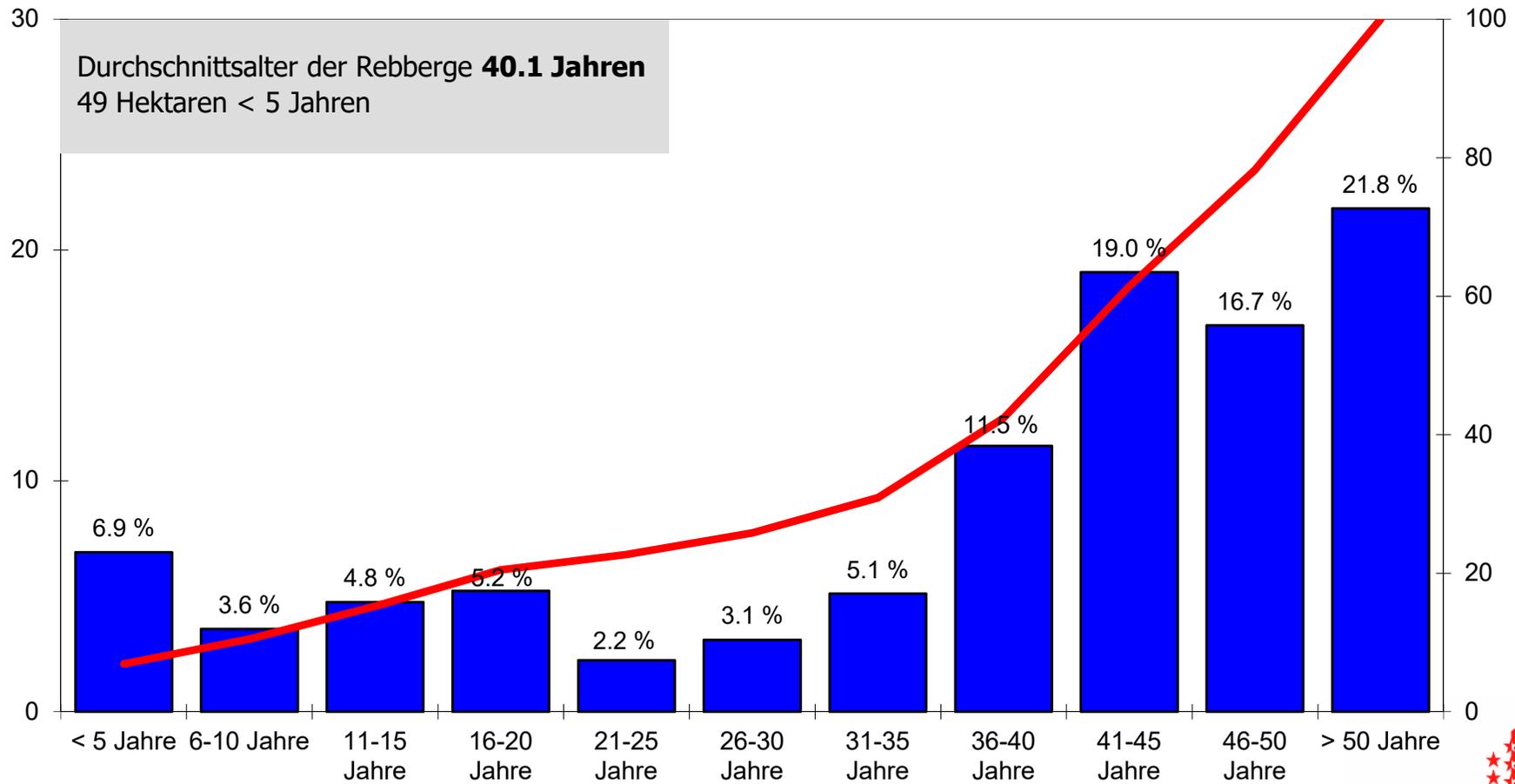
# Flächenentwicklung chasselas



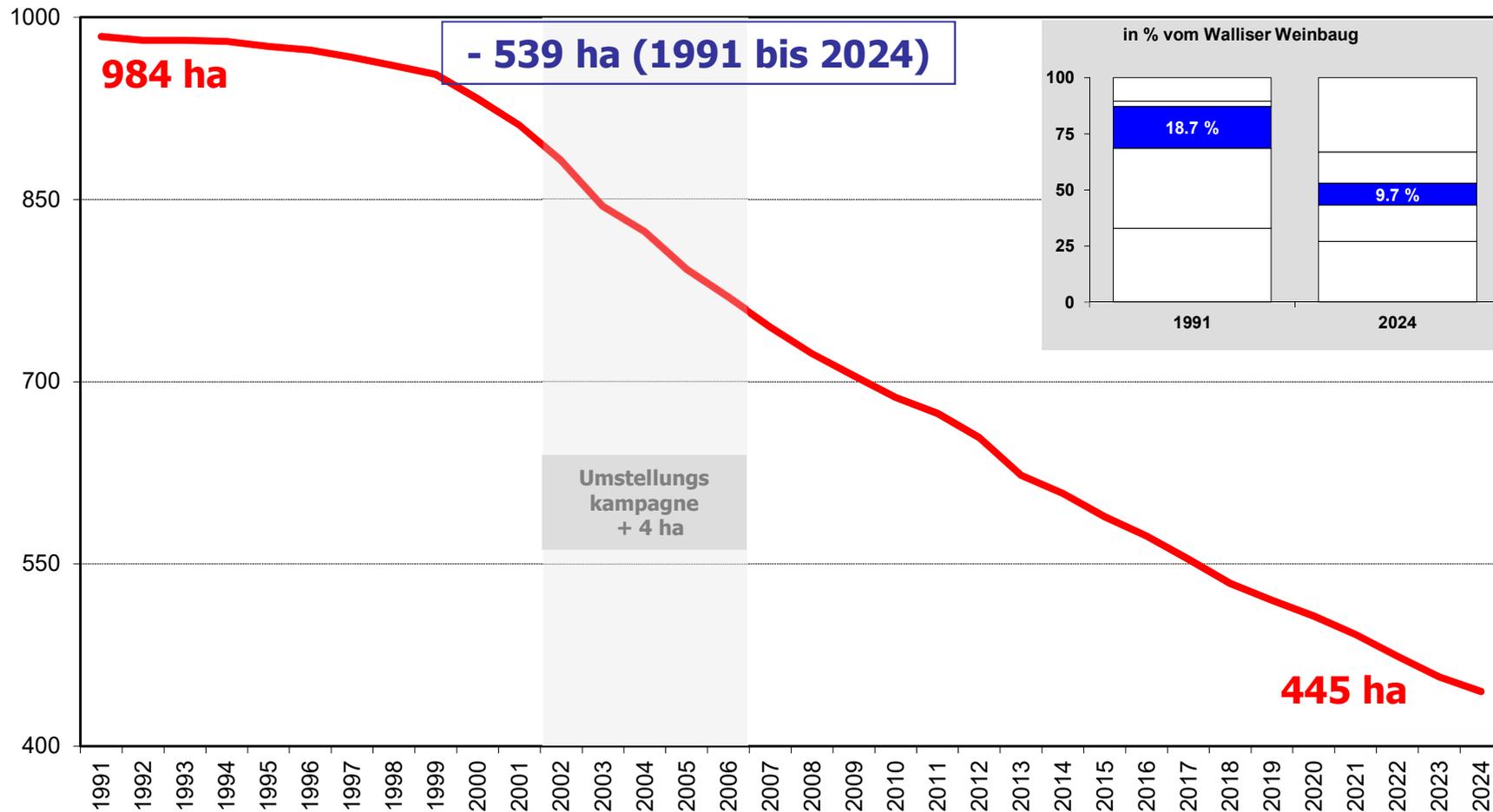
# Altersstruktur chasselas (Abstufungen von 10 Jahren)



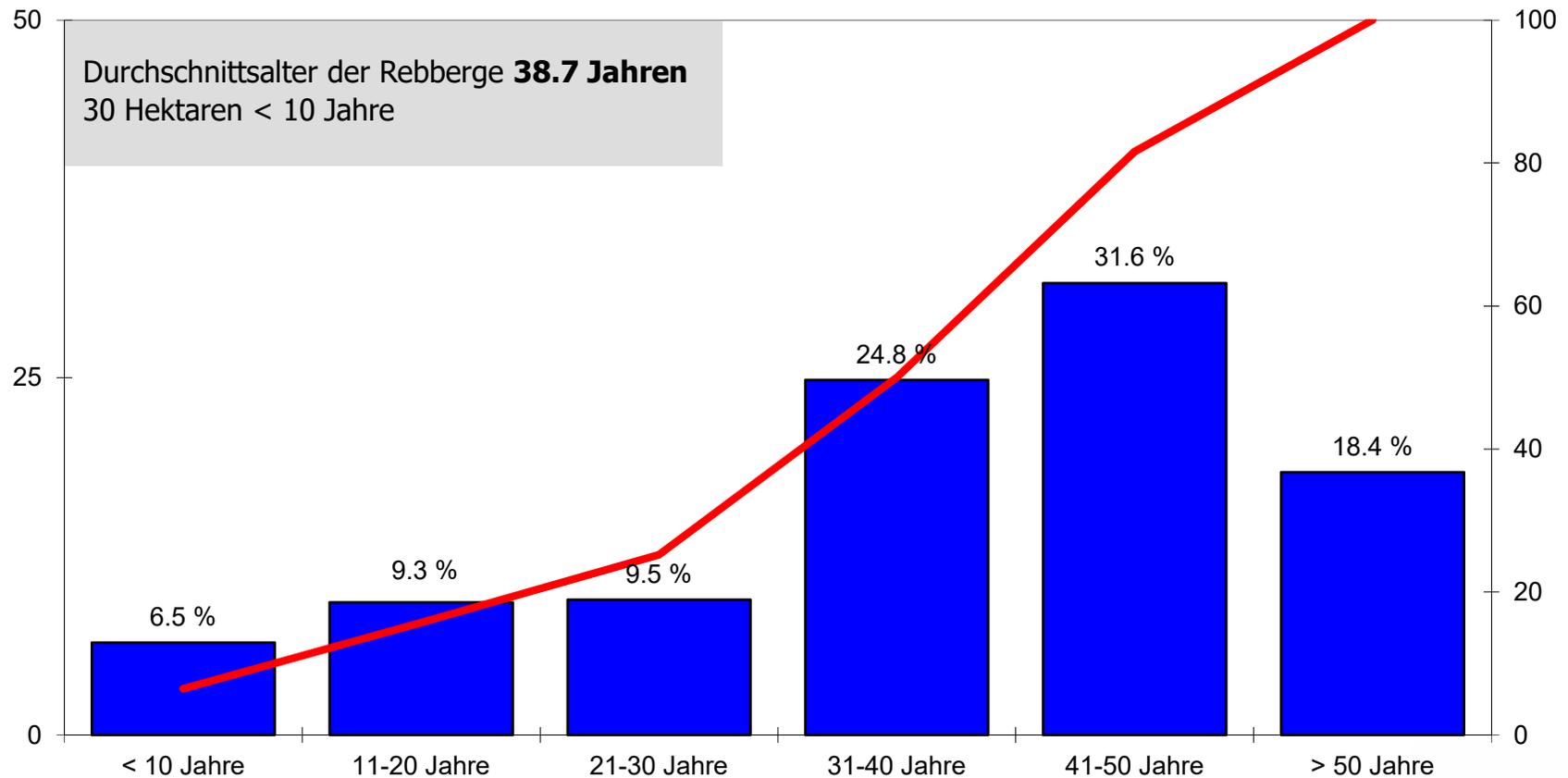
# Alterstruktur chasselas (Abstufungen von 5 Jahren)



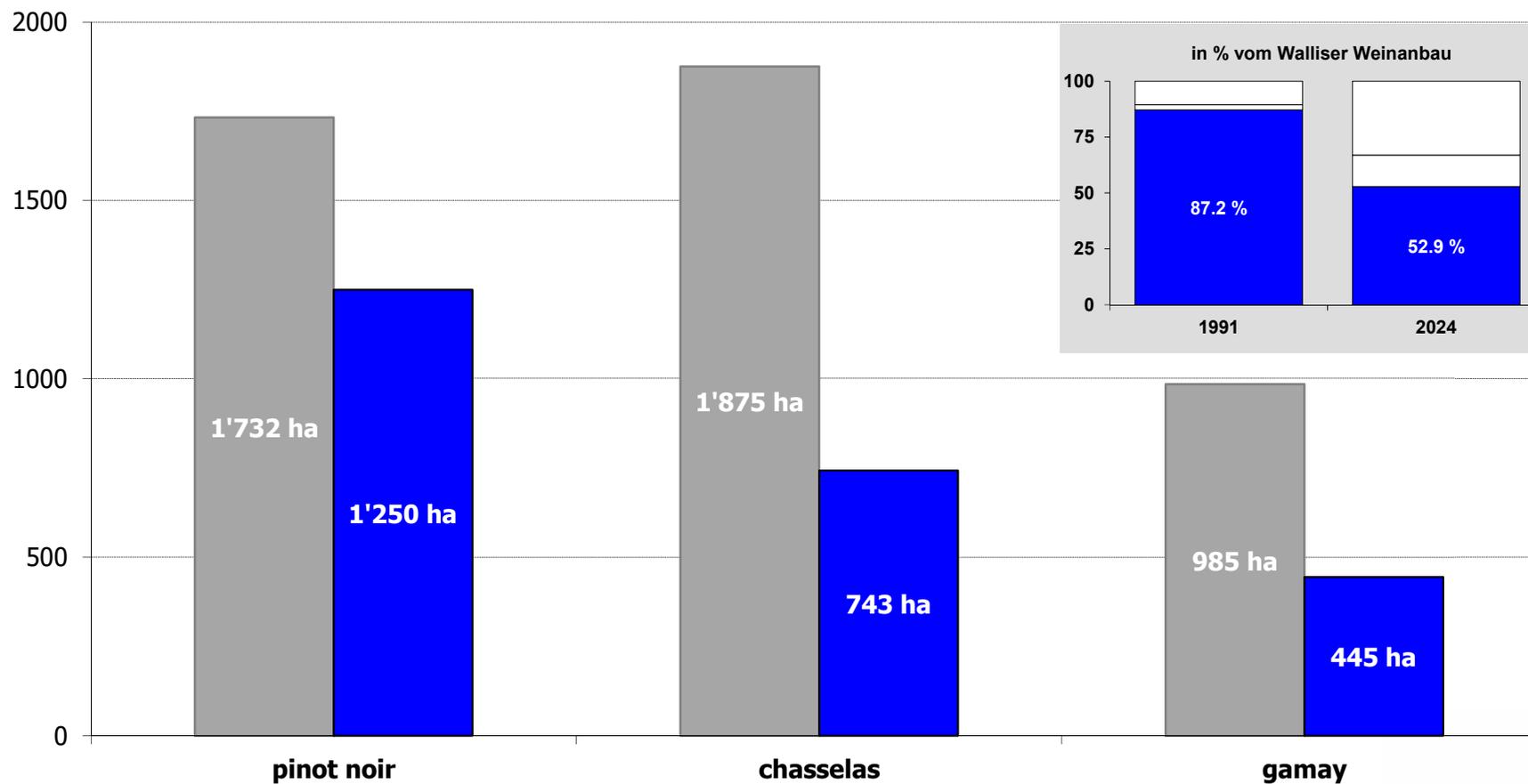
# Flächenentwicklung gamay



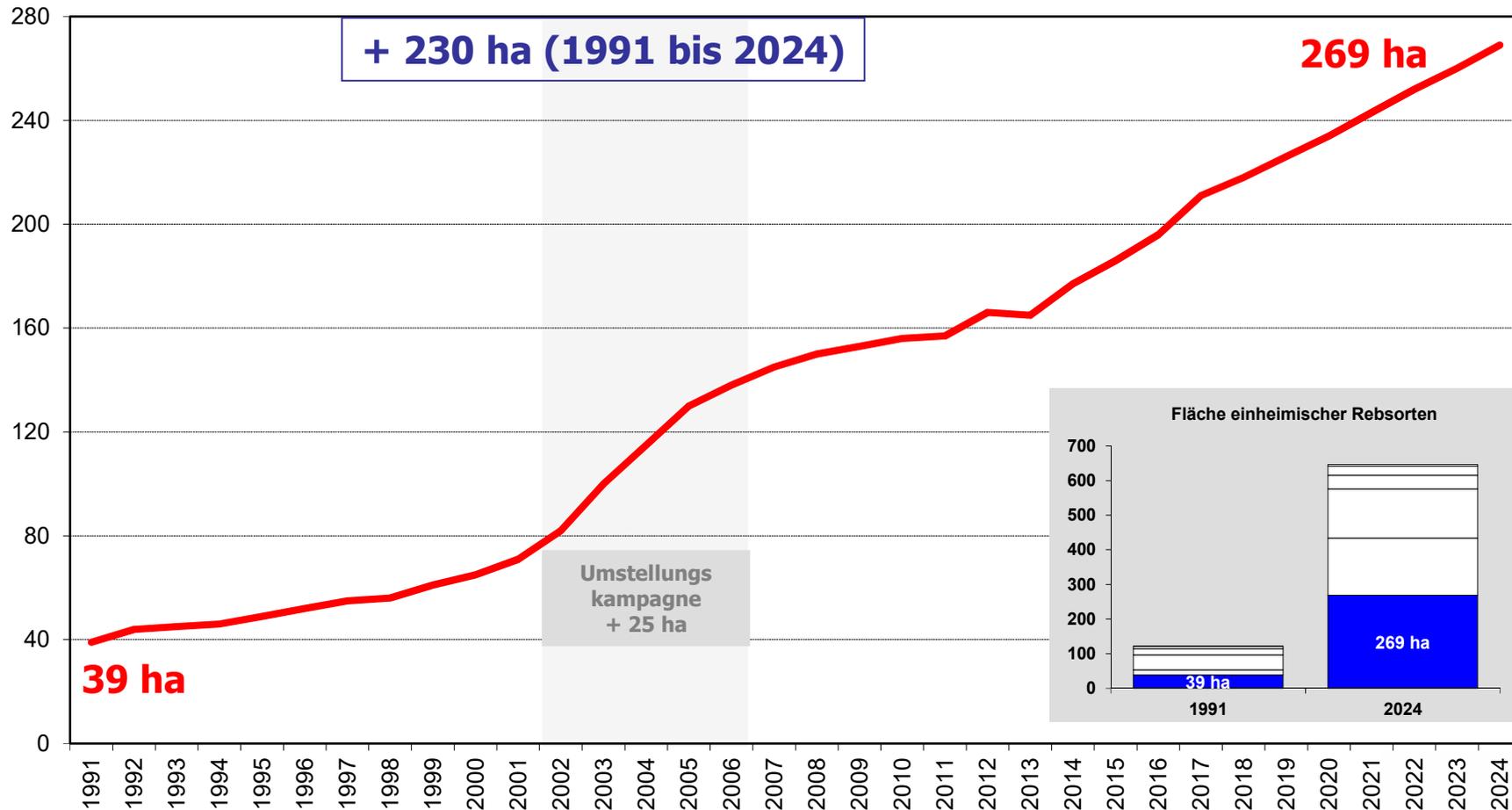
# Altersstruktur gamay



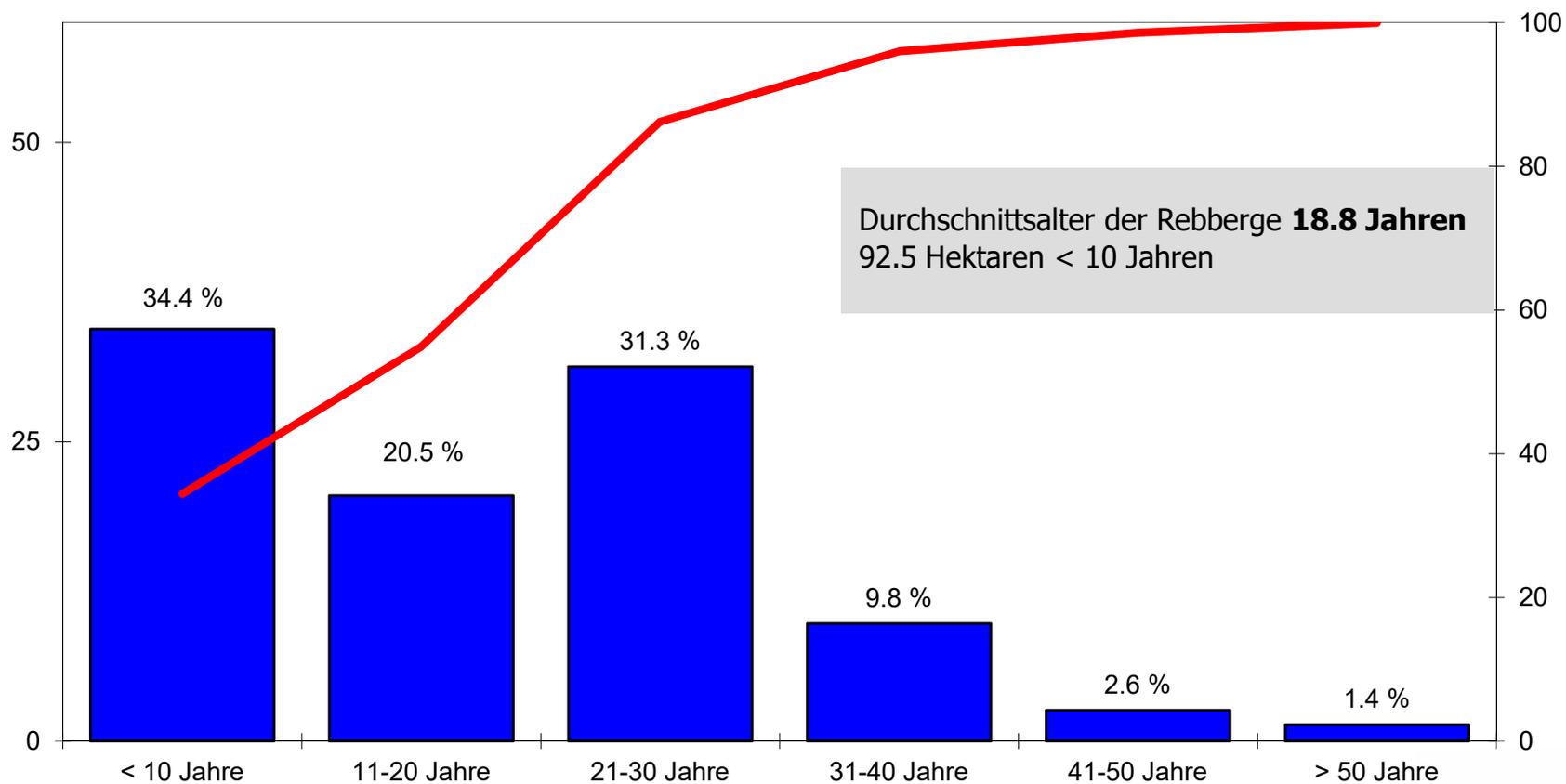
# Zusammenfassung der Entwicklung der drei Hauptrebsorten (1991 – 2024)



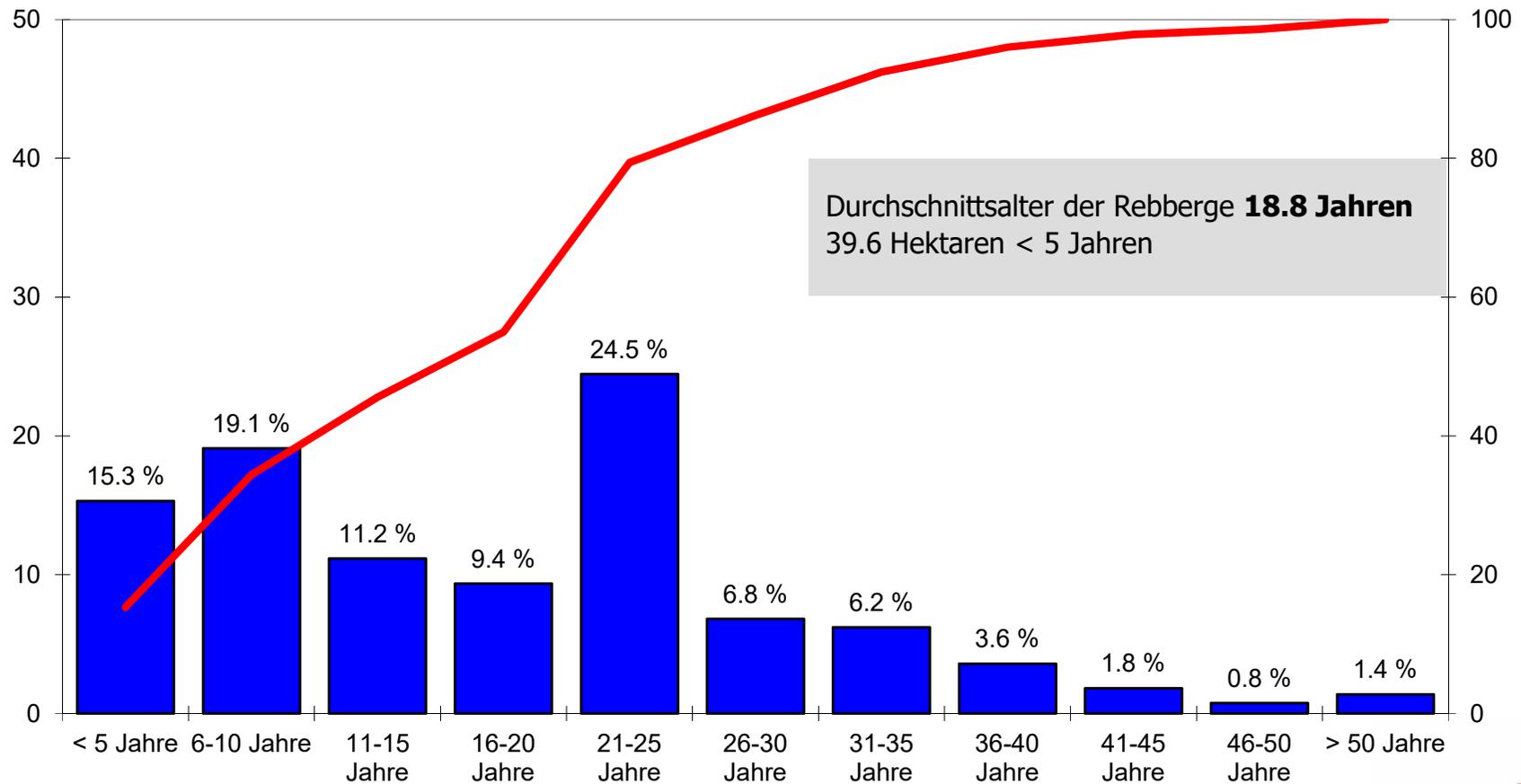
# Flächenentwicklung petite arvine



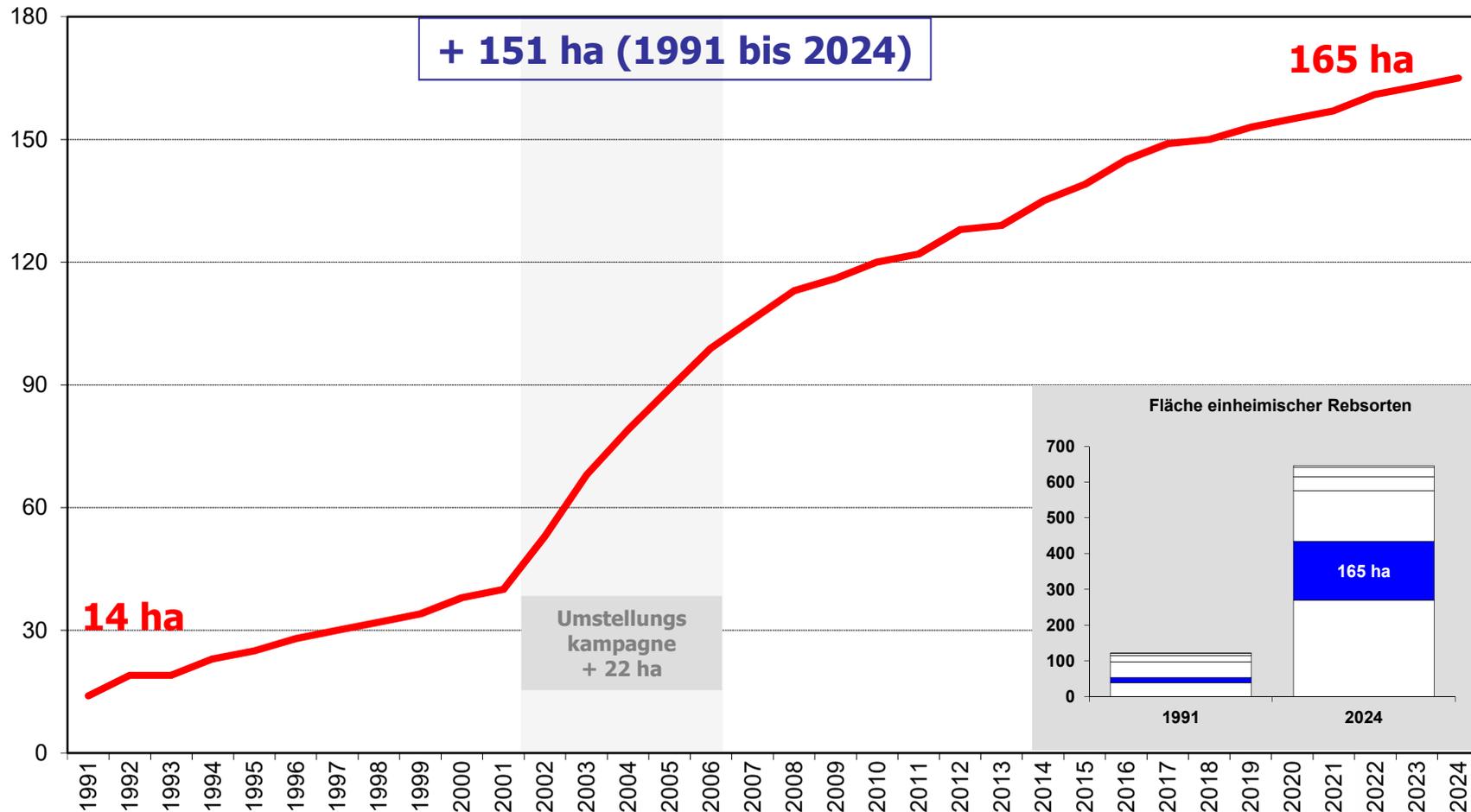
# Altersstruktur petite arvine (Abstufungen von 10 Jahren)



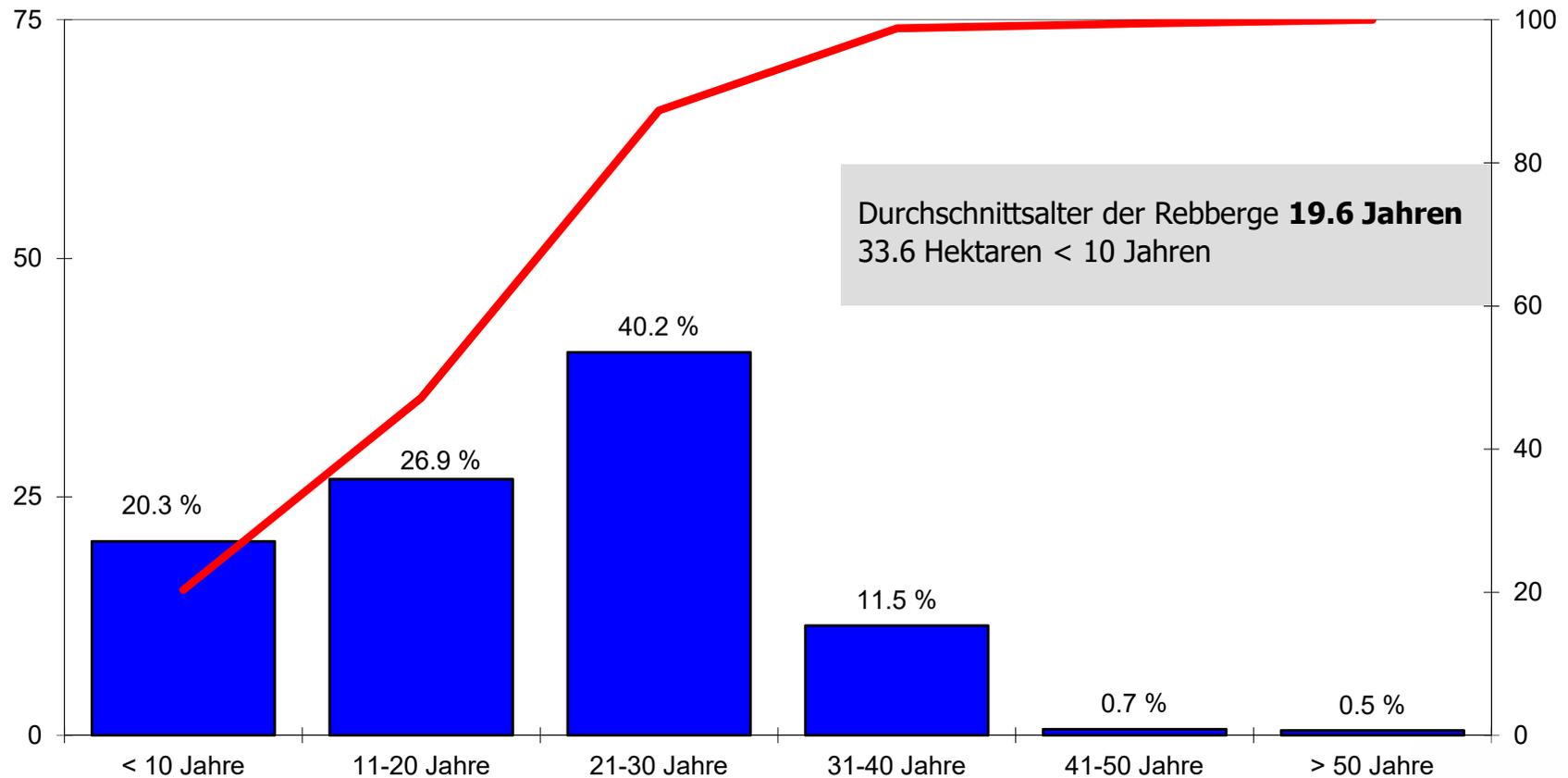
# Altersstruktur petite arvine (Abstufungen von 5 Jahren)



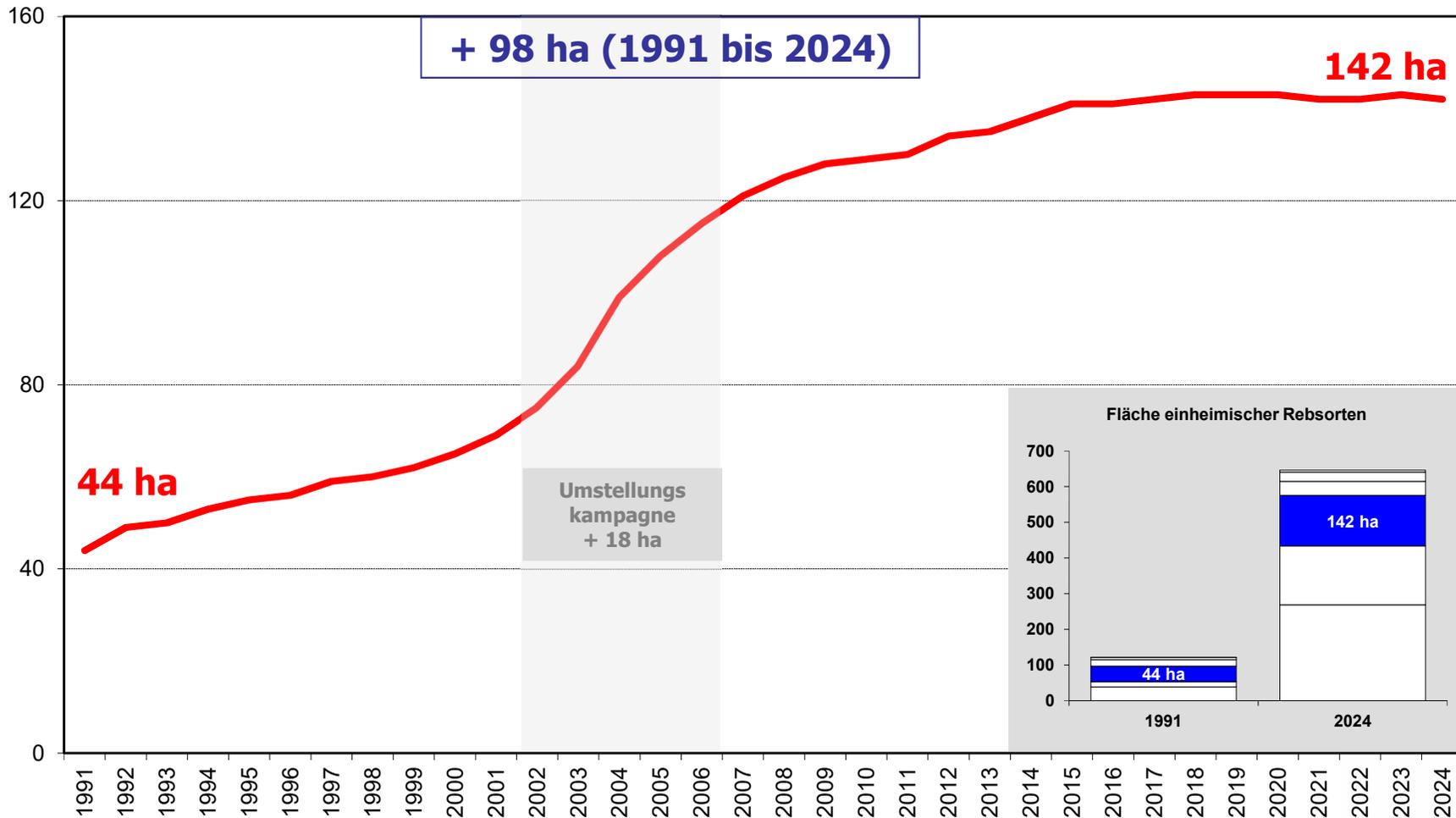
# Flächenentwicklung cornalin



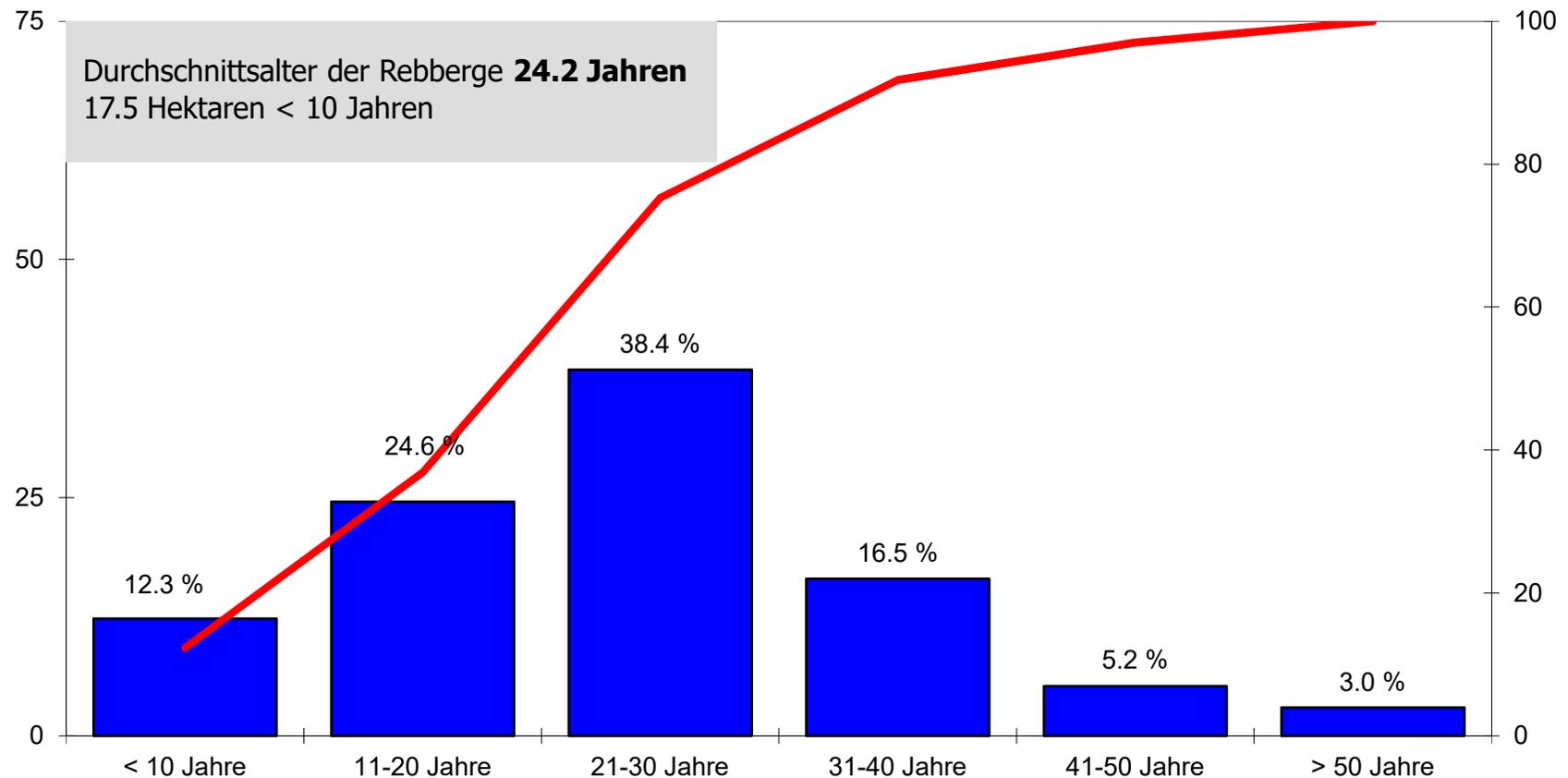
# Altersstruktur cornalin



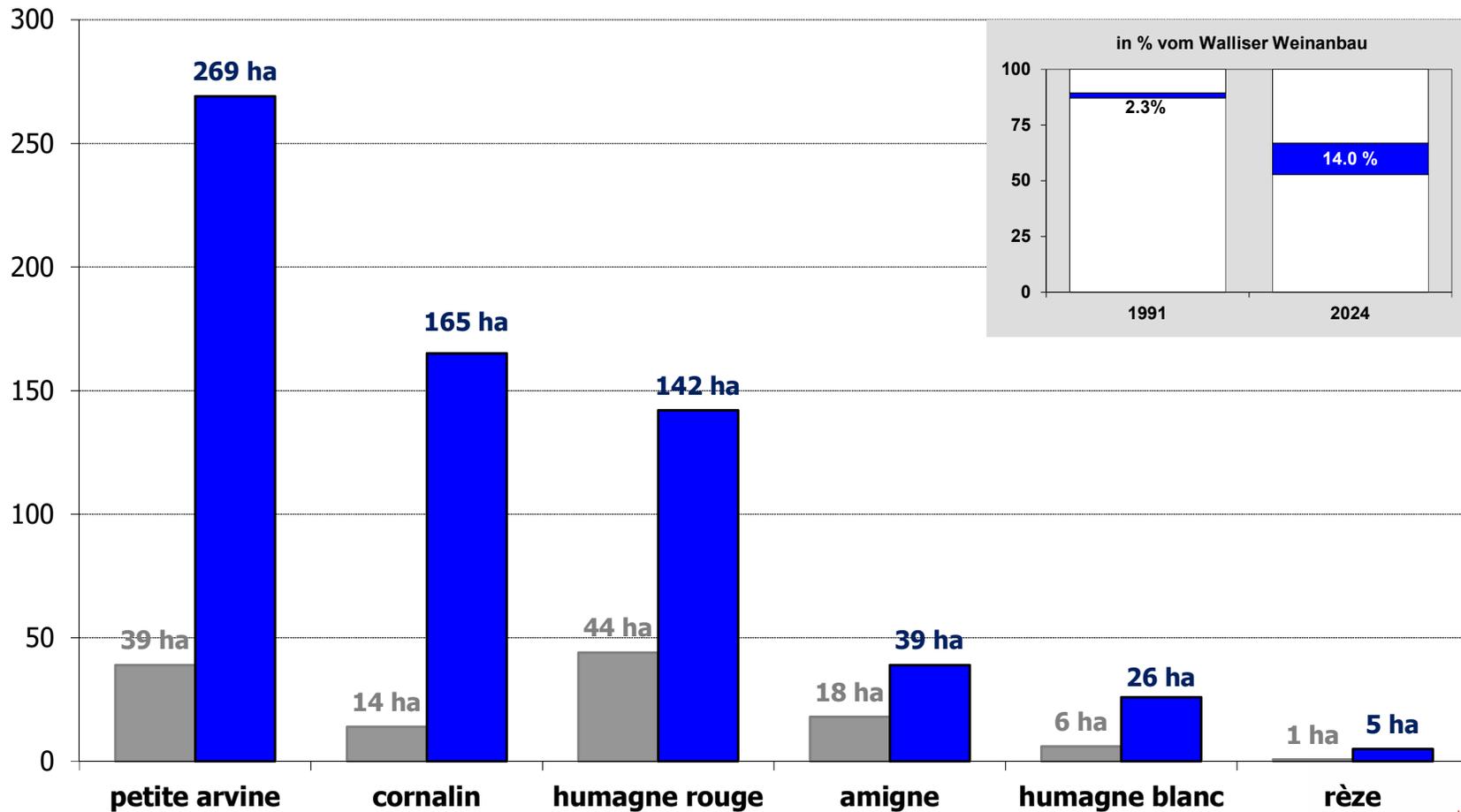
# Flächenentwicklung humagne rouge



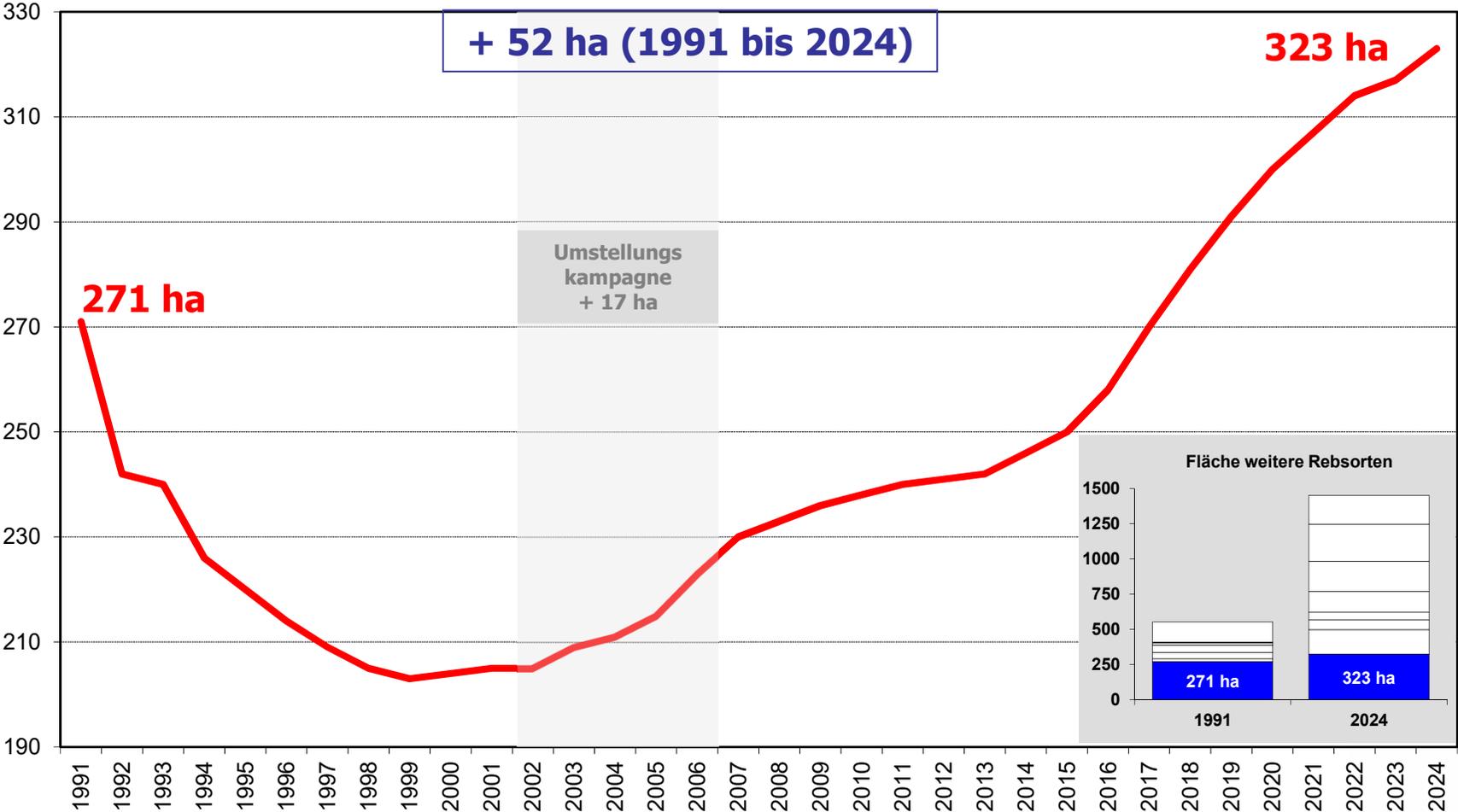
# Altersstruktur humagne rouge



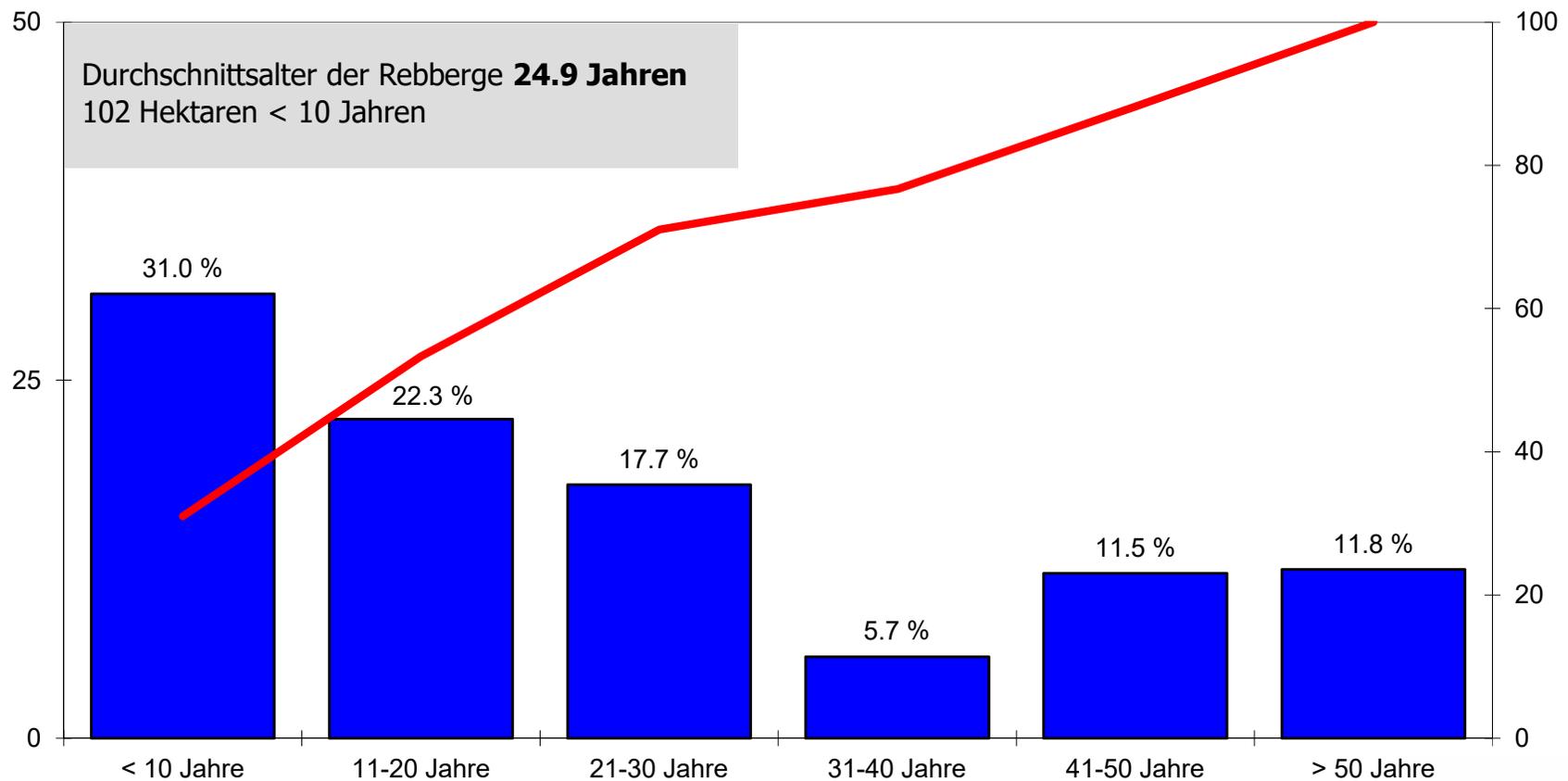
# Zusammenfassung der Entwicklung der heimischen Rebsorten (1991 – 2024)



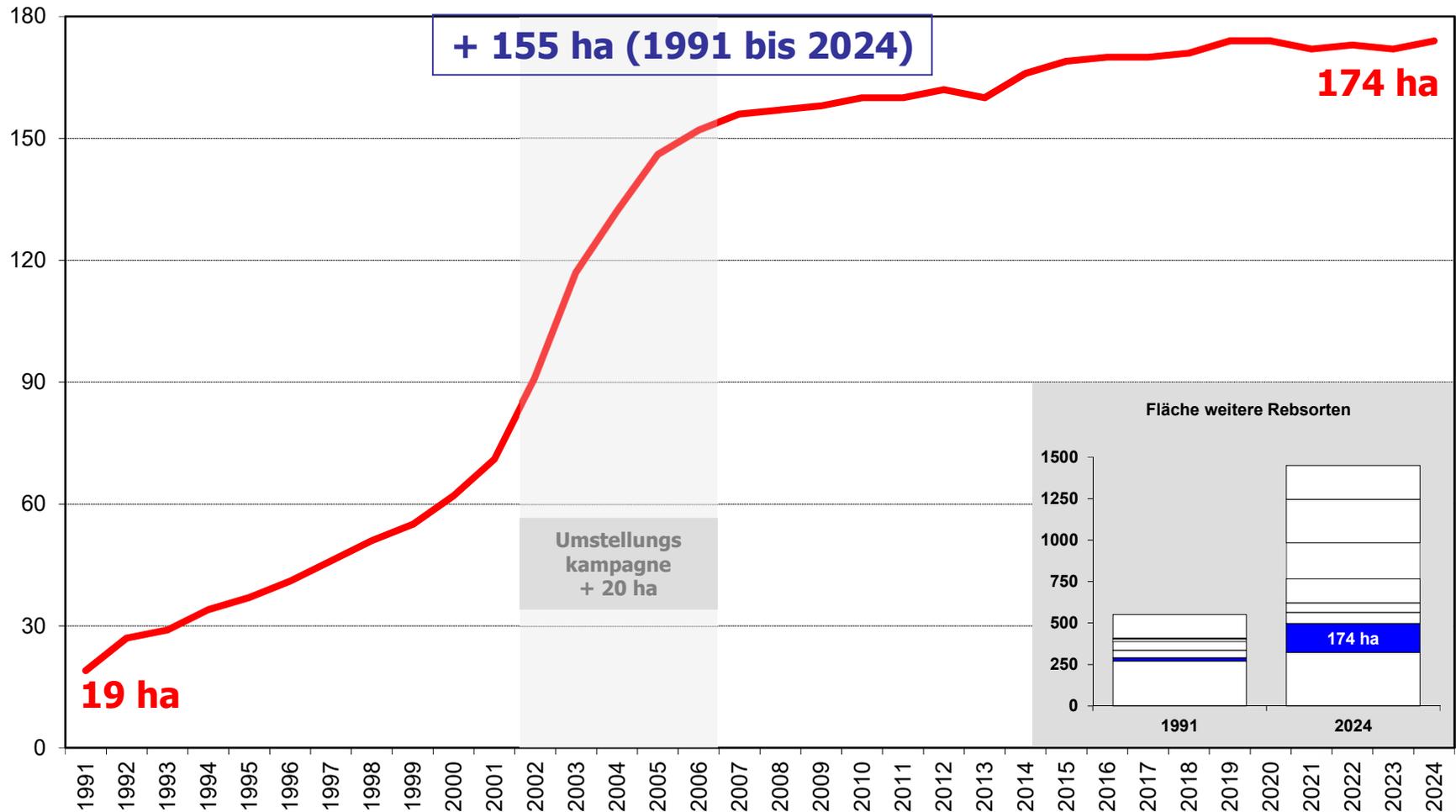
# Flächenentwicklung sylvaner/rhin



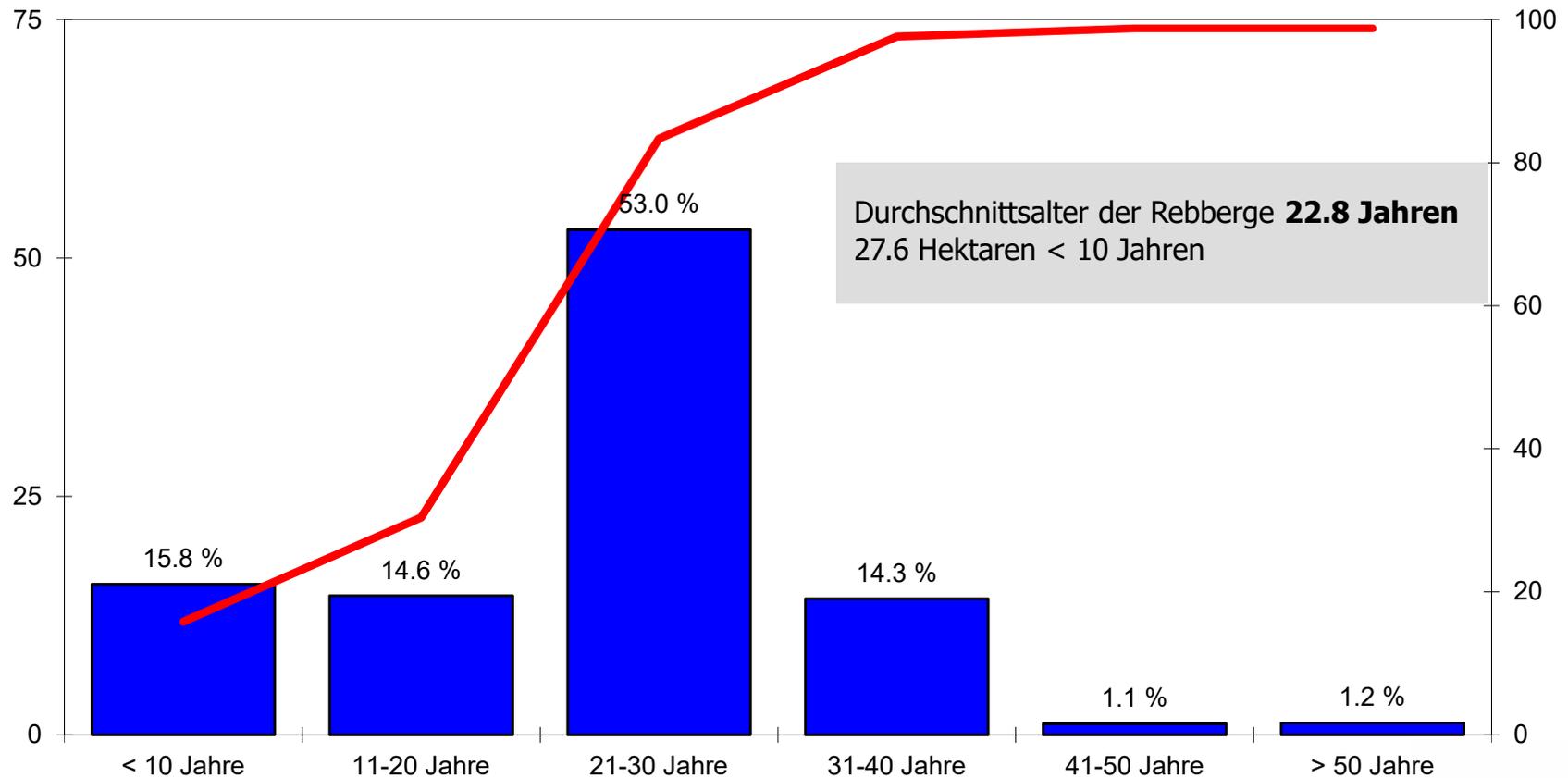
# Alterstruktur sylvaner/rhin



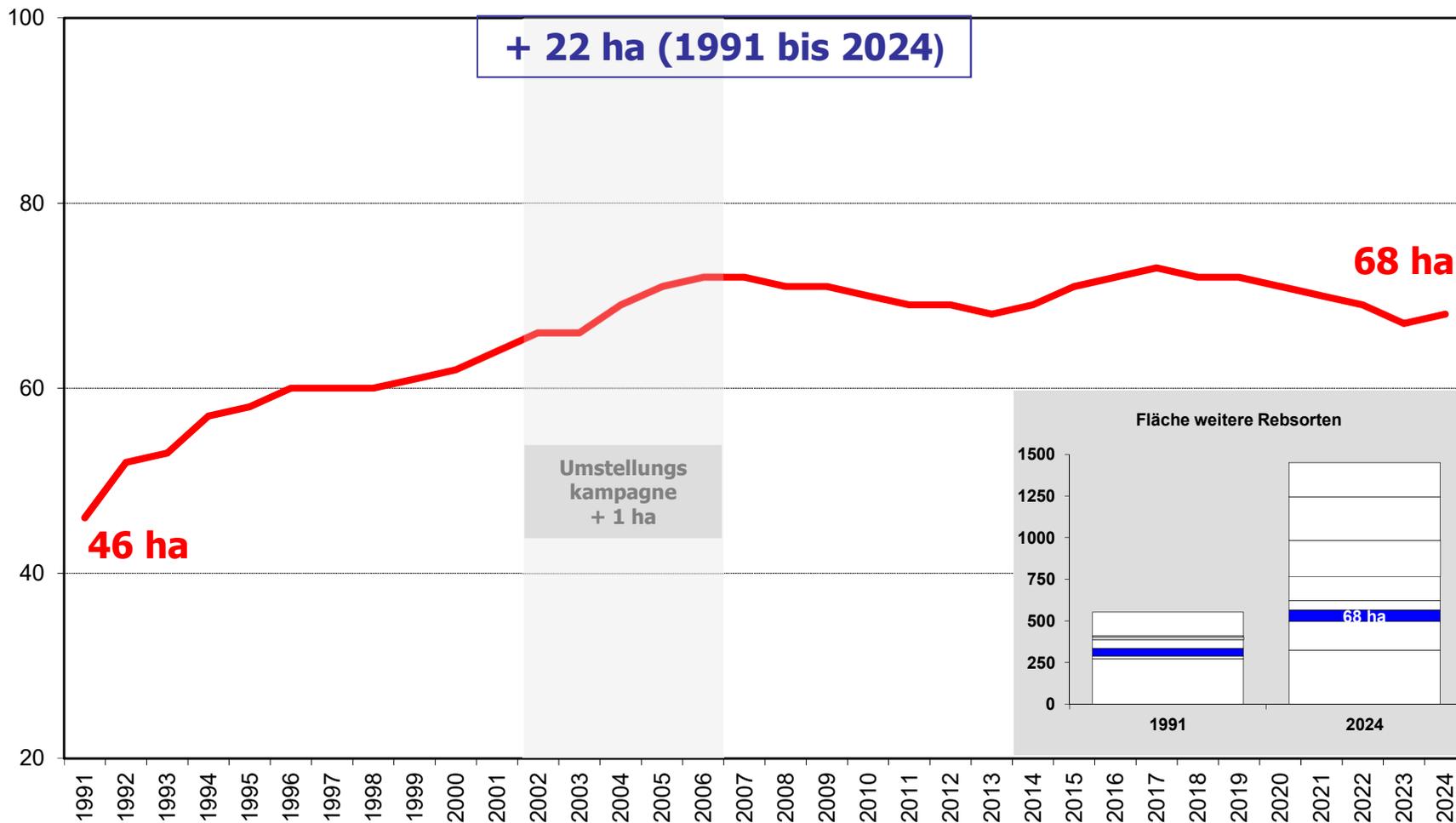
# Flächenentwicklung syrah



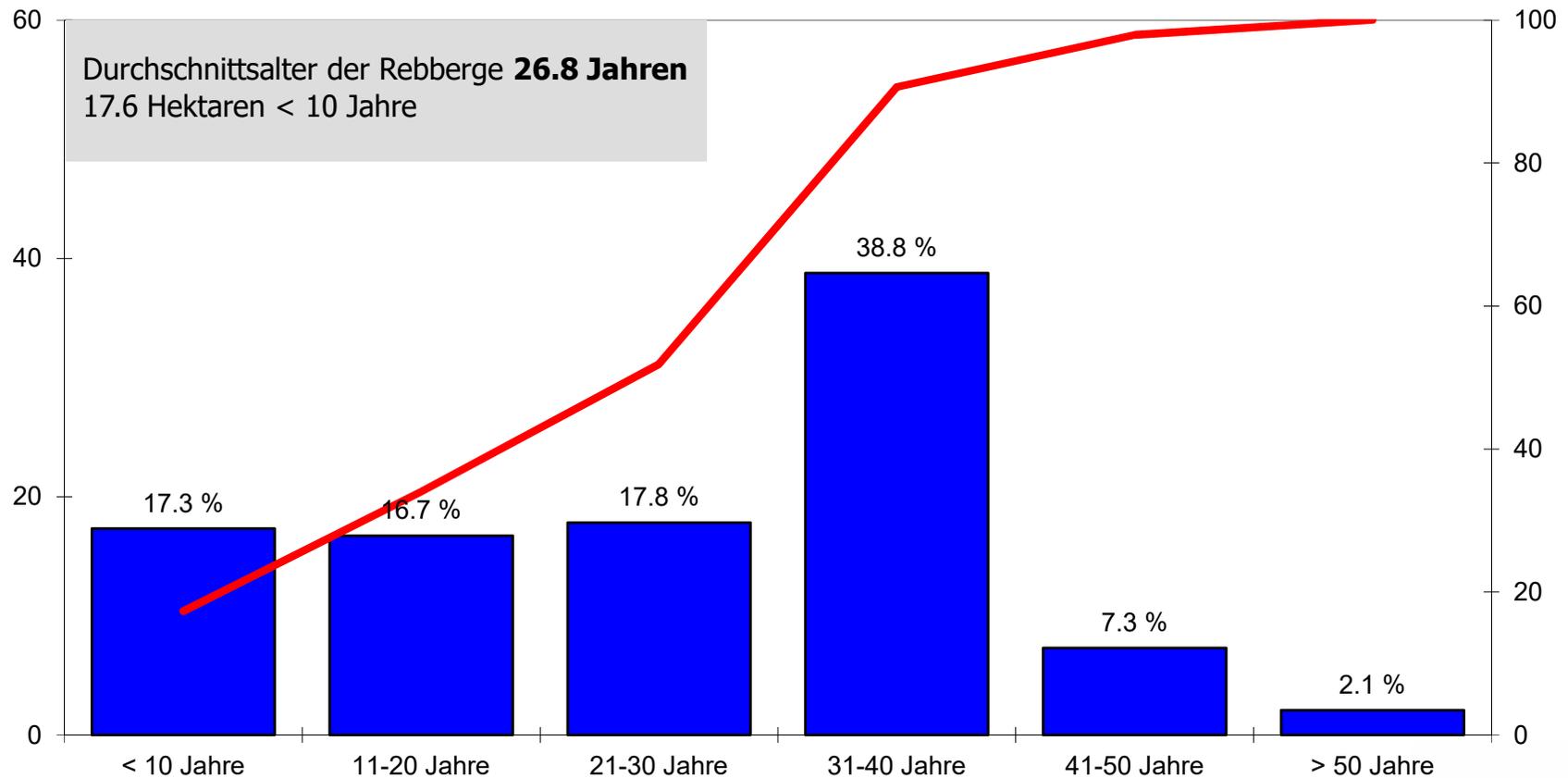
# Altersstruktur syrah



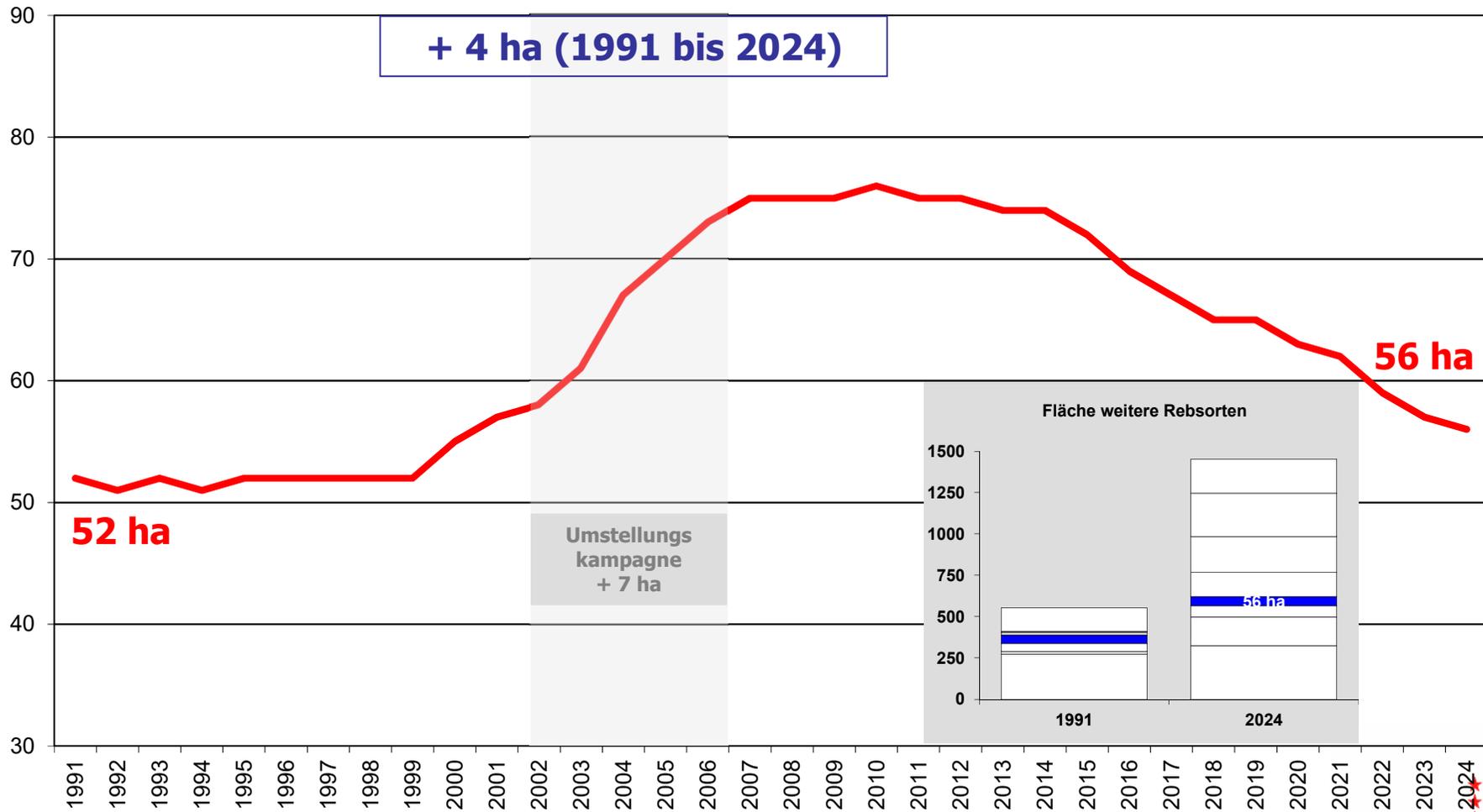
# Flächenentwicklung chardonnay



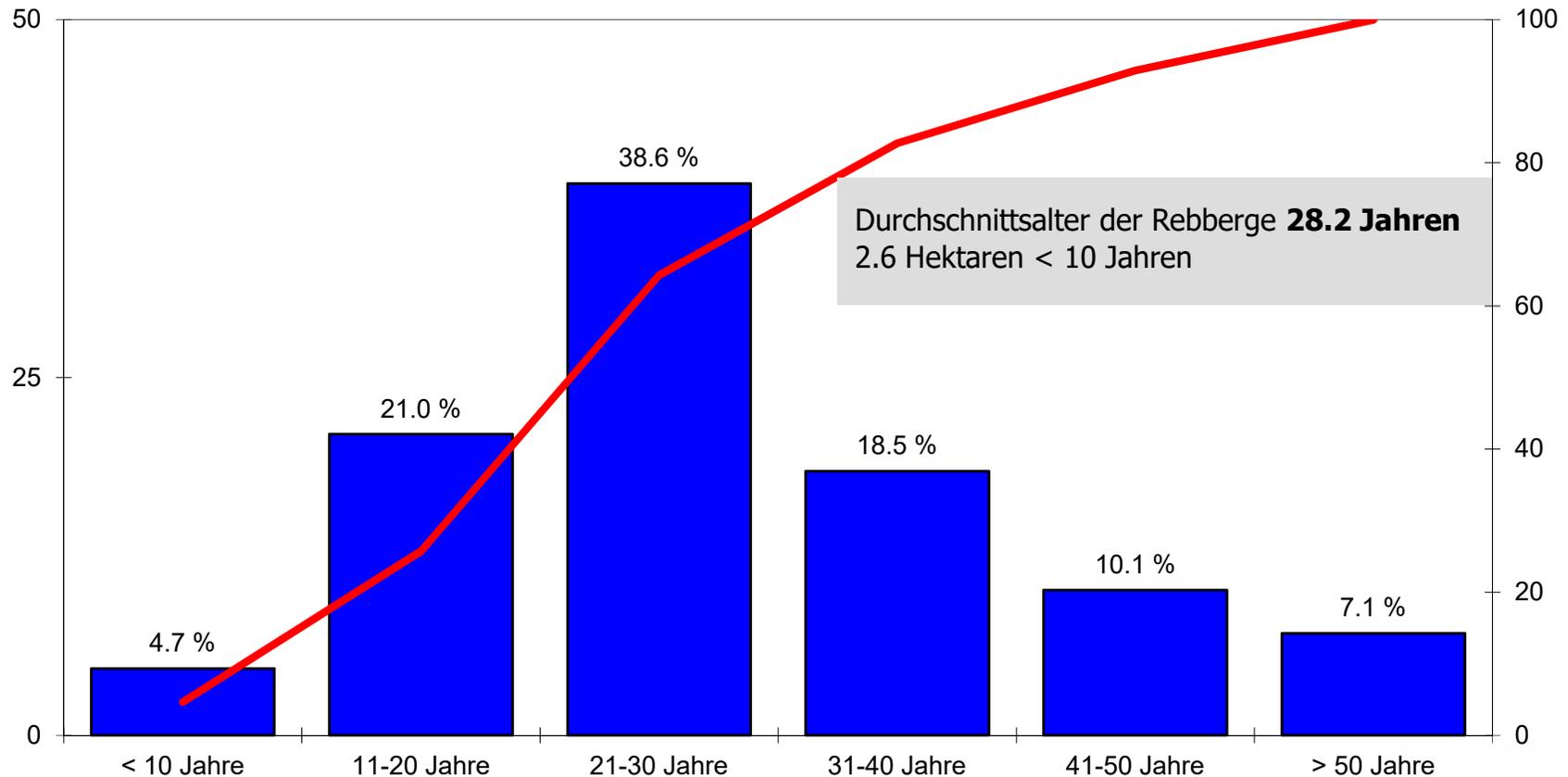
# Altersstruktur chardonnay



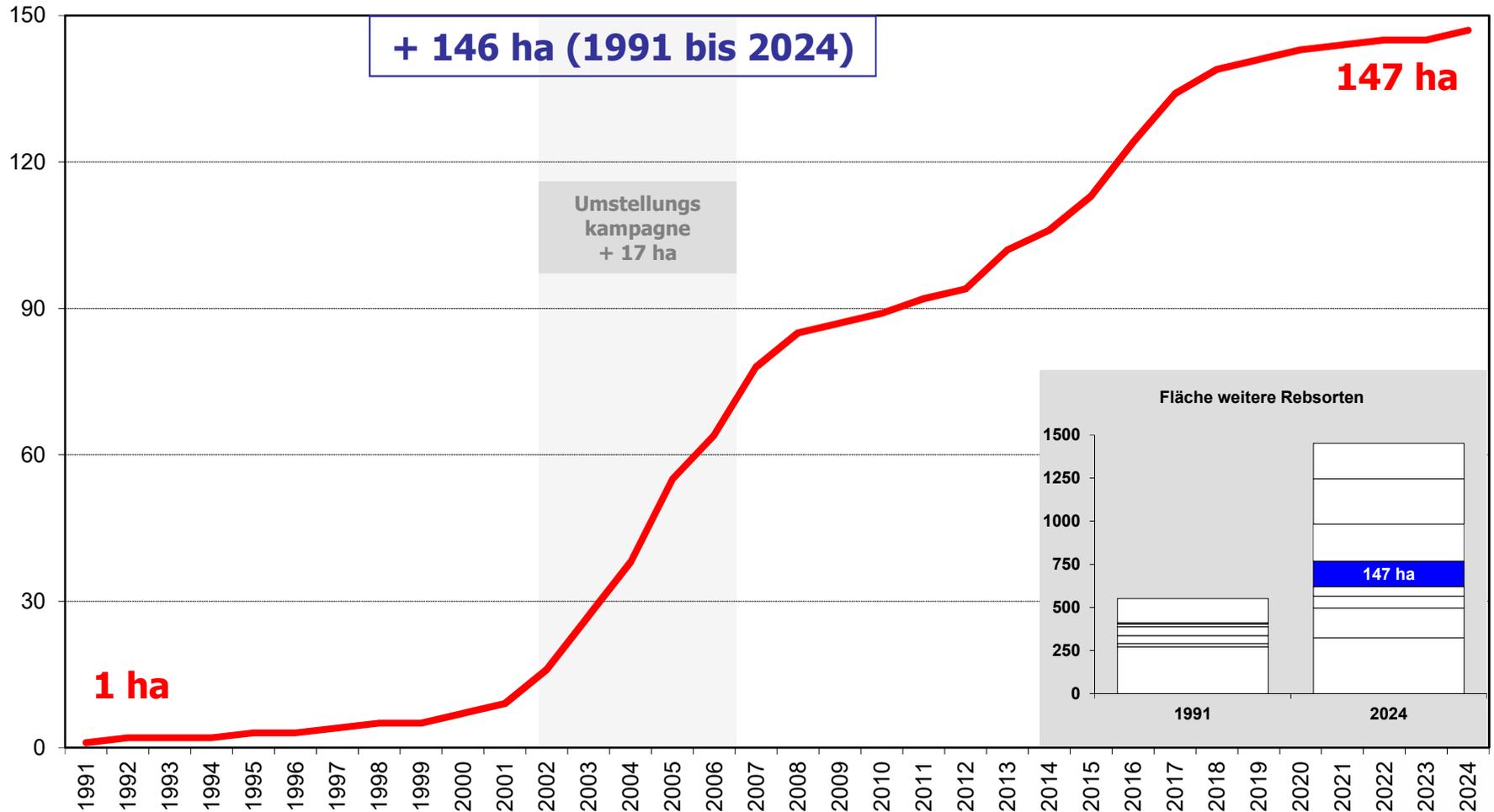
# Flächenentwicklung pinot gris



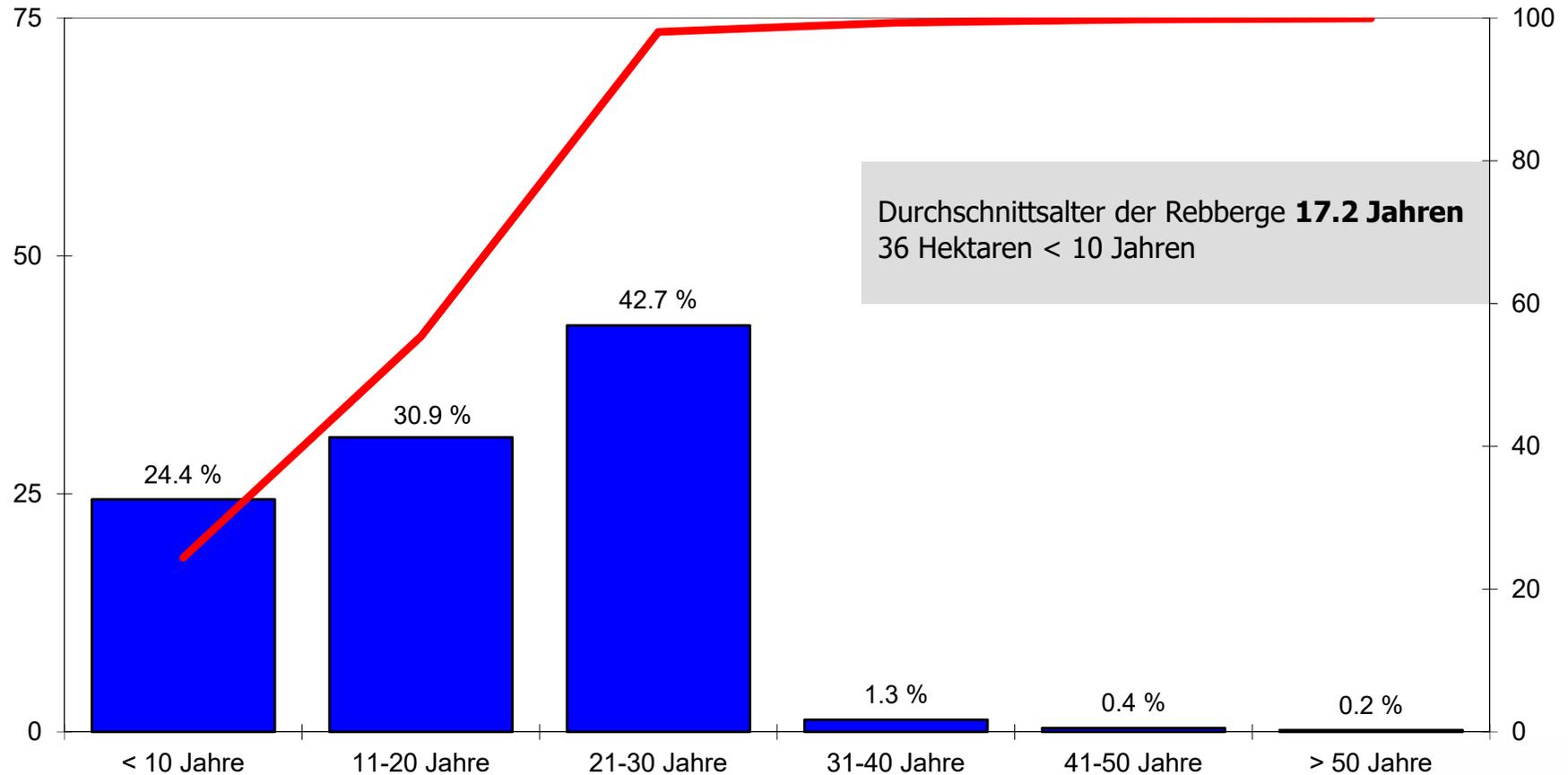
# Alterstruktur pinot gris



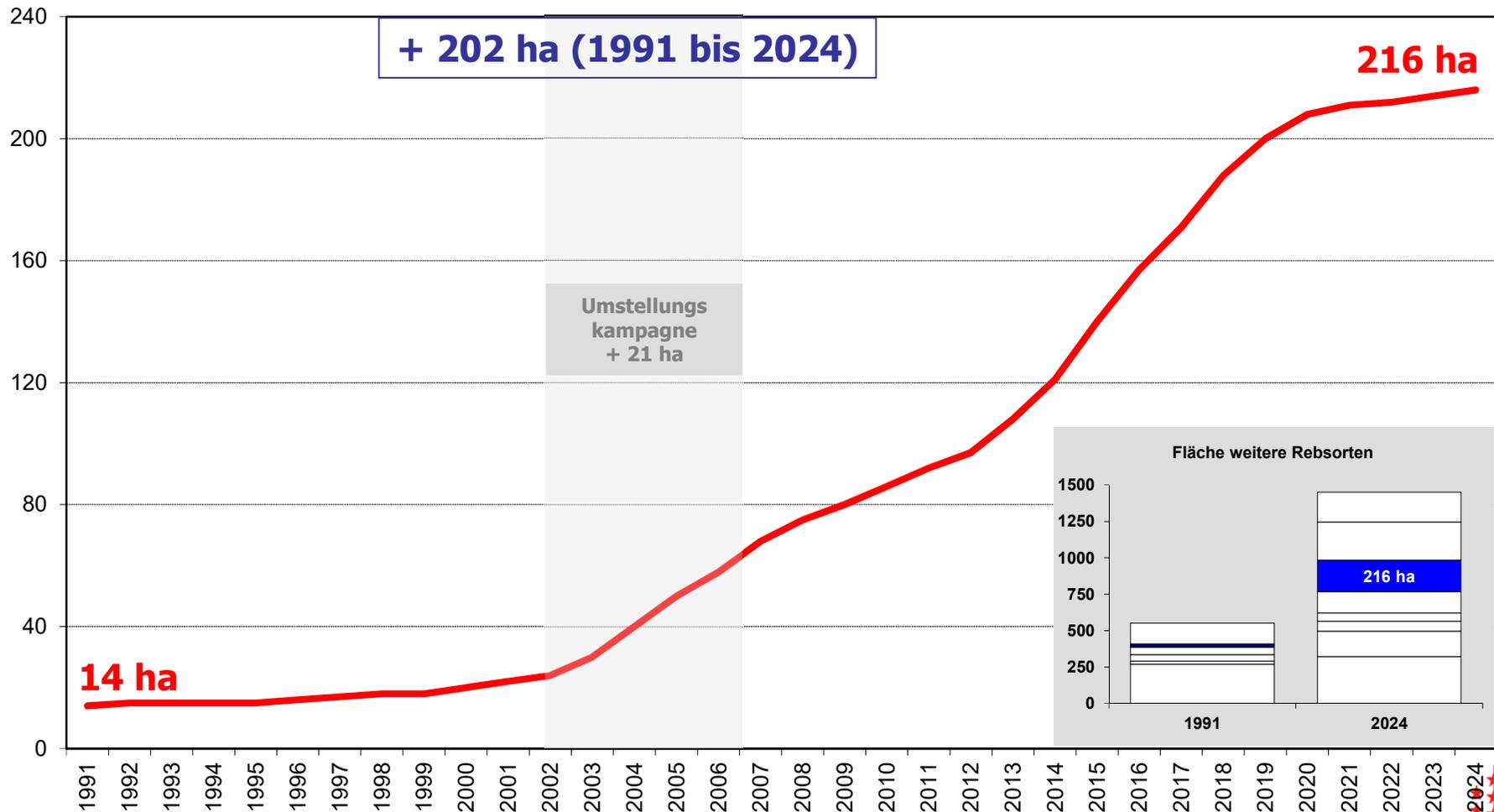
# Flächenentwicklung merlot



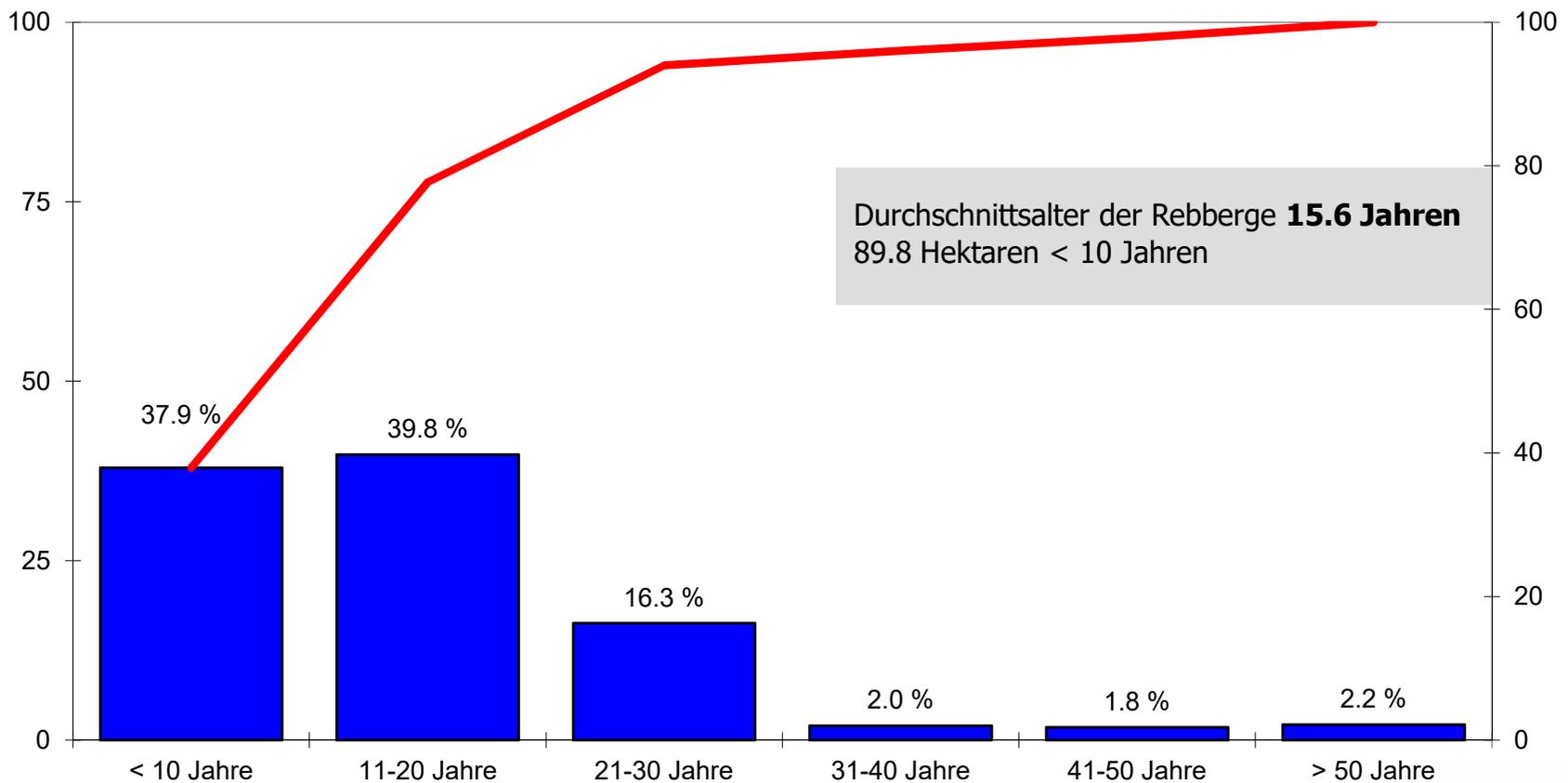
# Altersstruktur merlot



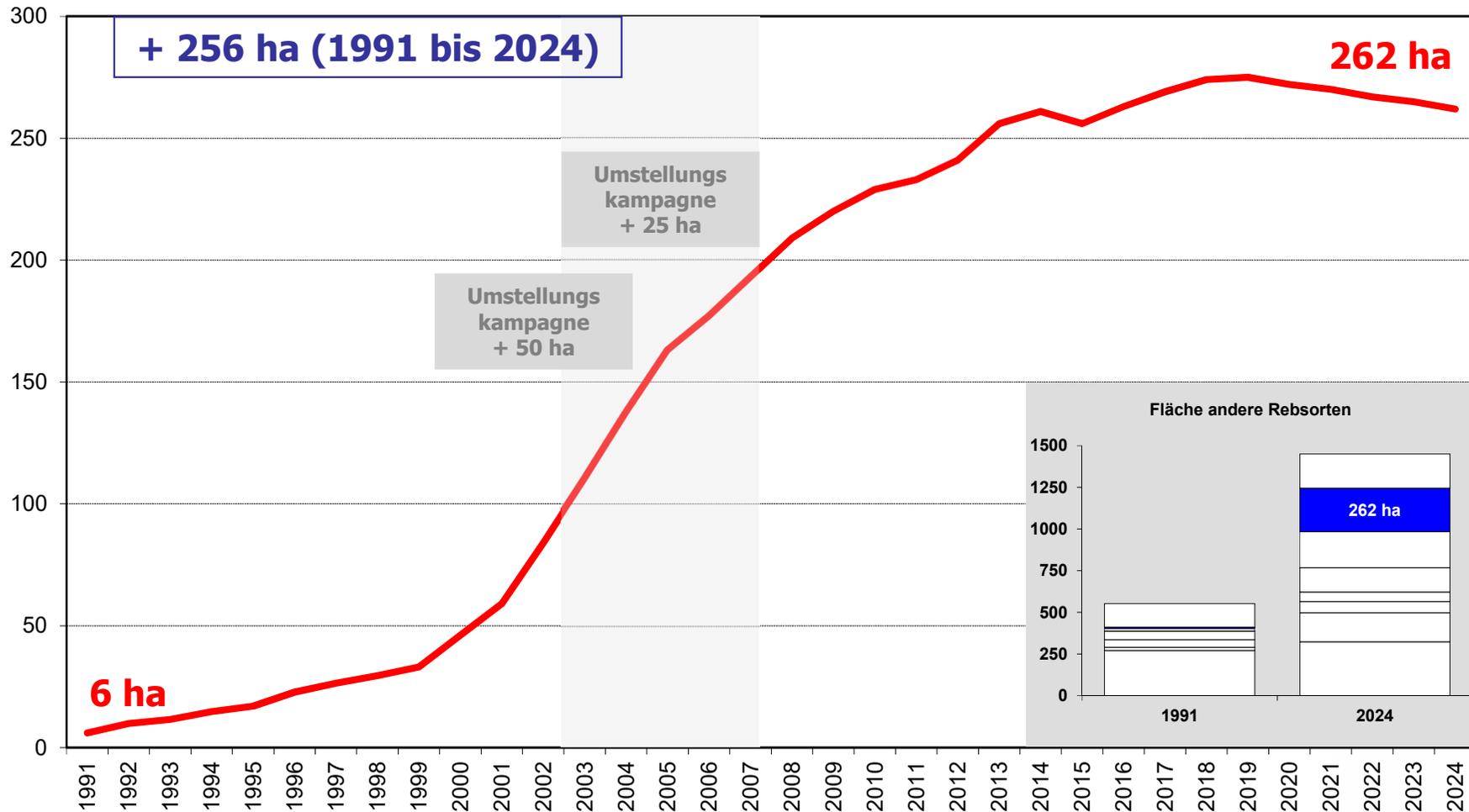
# Flächenentwicklung savagnin blanc



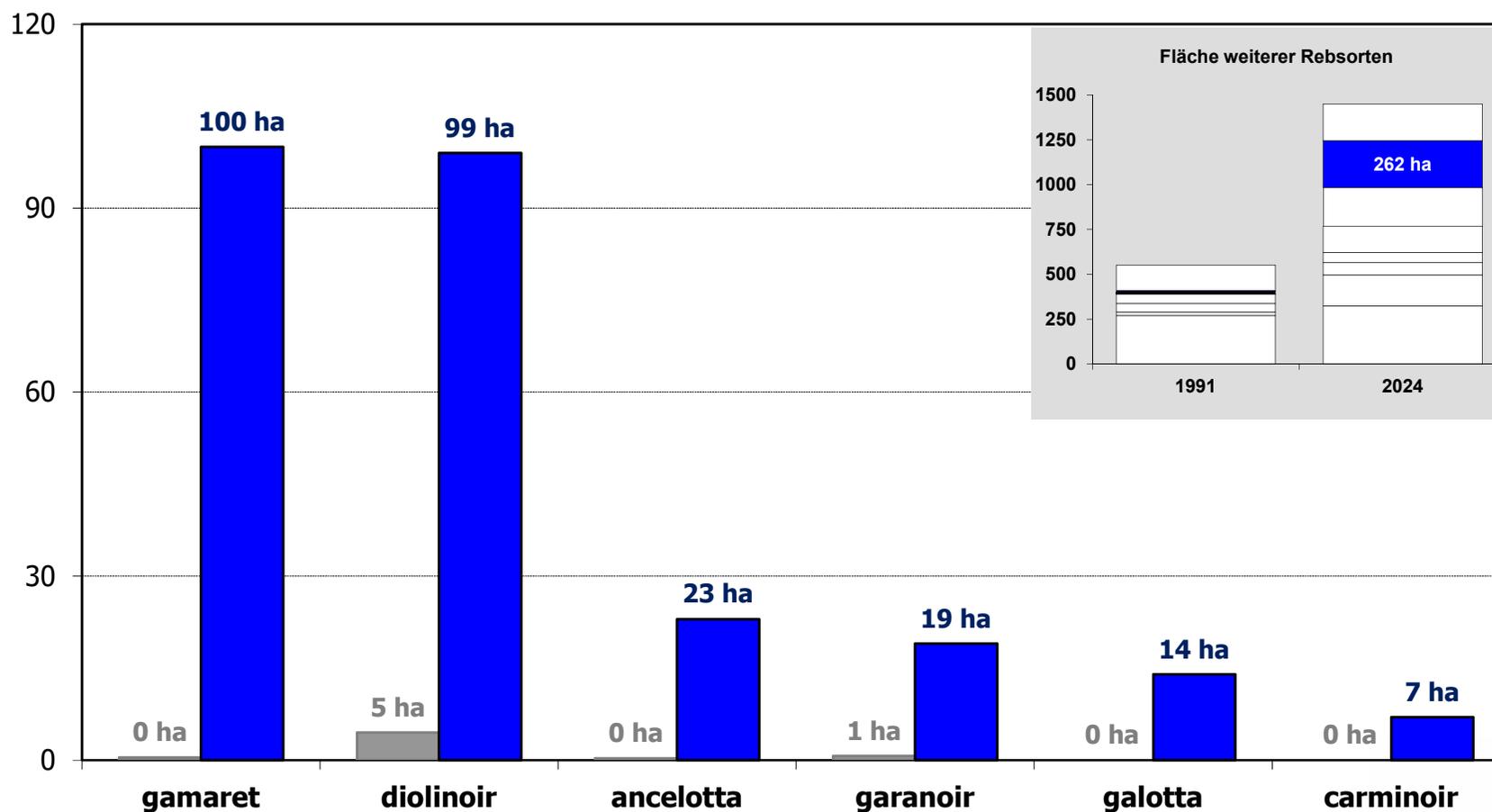
# Altersstruktur savagnin blanc



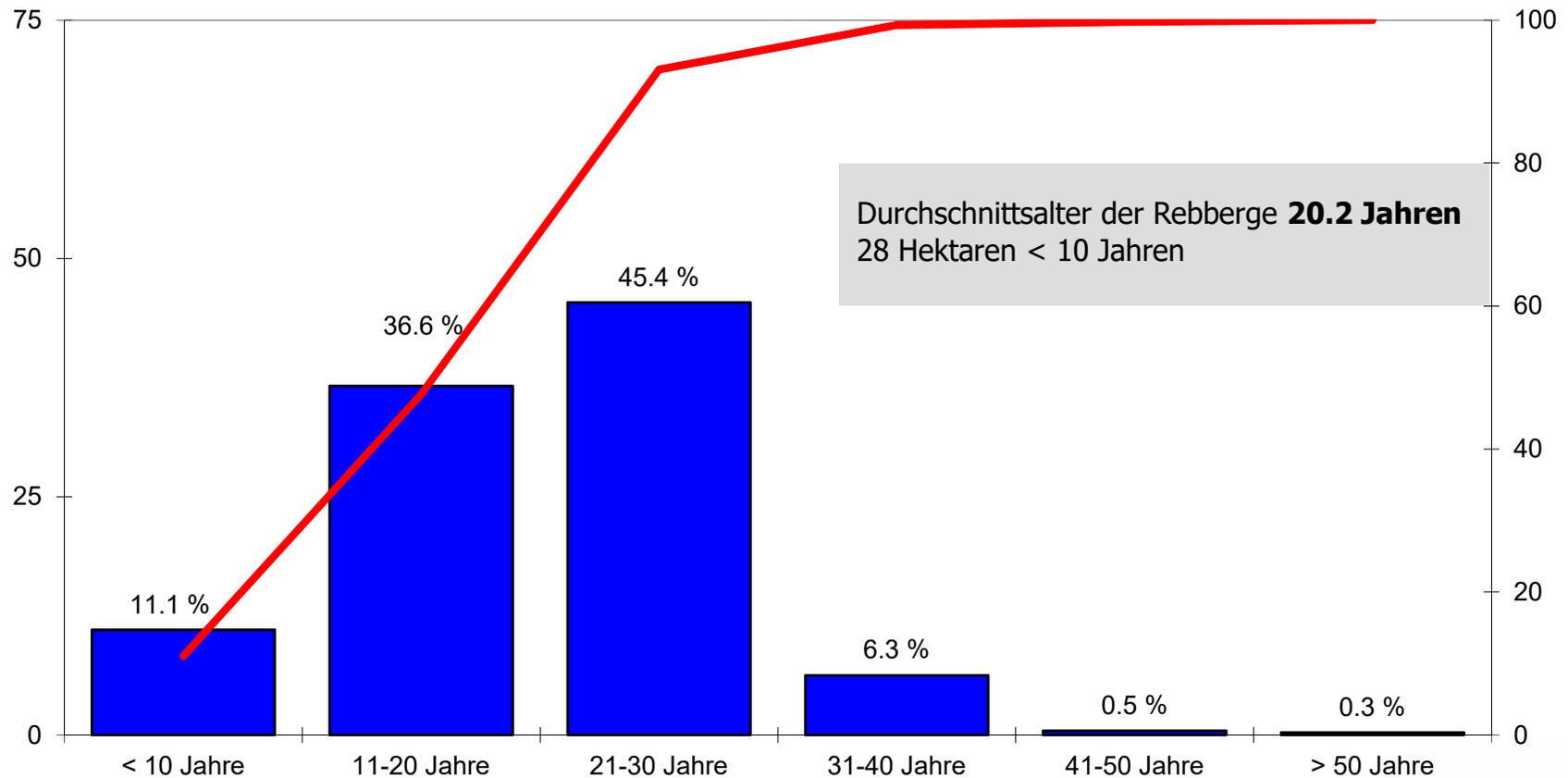
# Flächenentwicklung der «verbesserersorten»



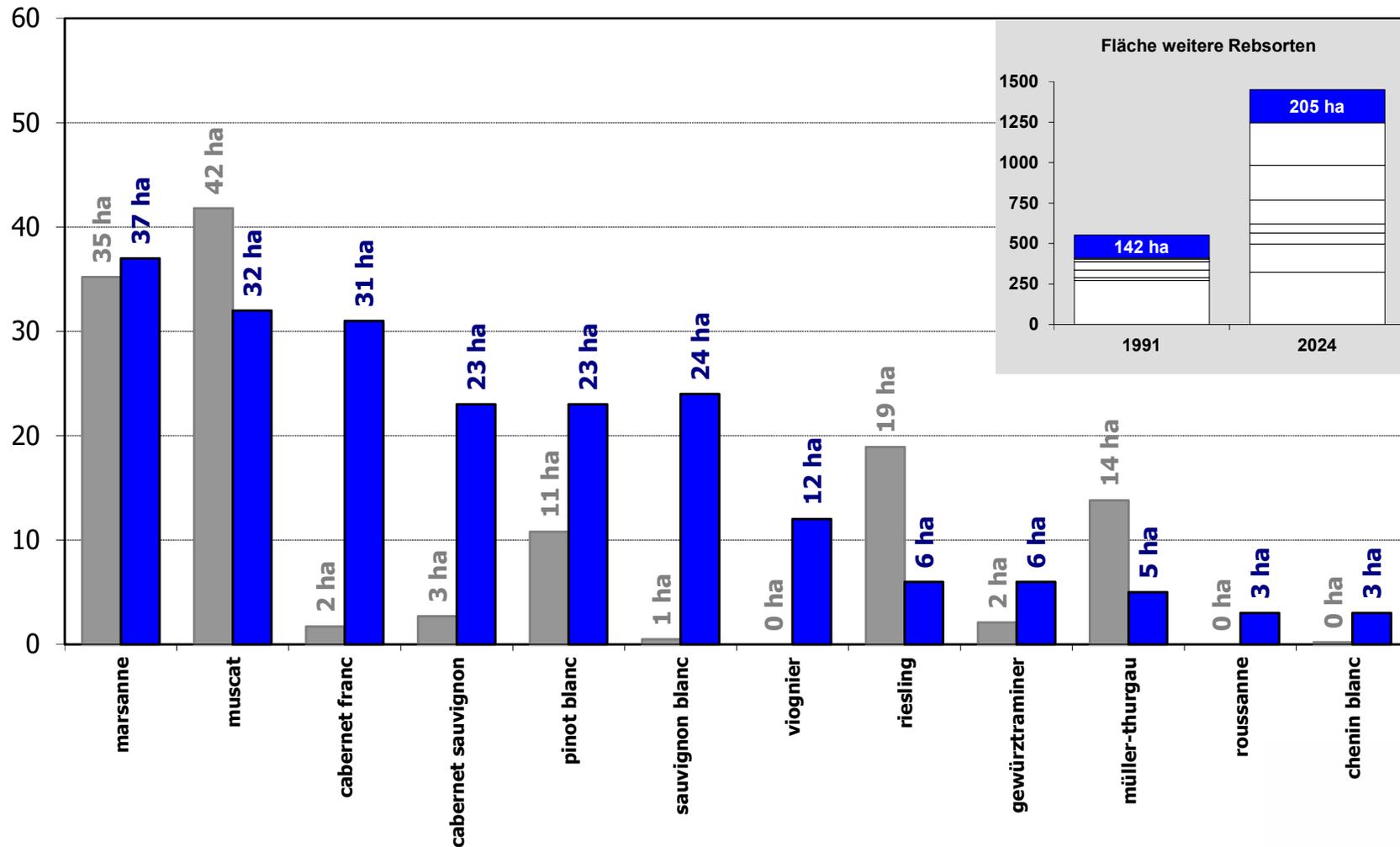
# Zusammenfassung der Entwicklung der «verbesserersorten» (1991 – 2024)



# Altersstruktur der «verbesserersorten»



# Zusammenfassung der Entwicklung der weiteren Rebsorten (1991 – 2024)



# Übersichtstabelle

	1991	2024	Δ	Flächen	Durchschnittsalter	<10 Jahren ha	< 10 Jahren %
chasselas	1'875	743	- 1'132	16.1%	40.1	74.0	10.0%
pinot noir	1'732	1'250	- 482	27.1%	35.9	80.0	6.4%
gamay	984	445	- 539	9.7%	38.7	30.0	6.7%
<b>Total</b>	<b>4'591</b>	<b>2'438</b>	<b>- 2'153</b>	<b>52.9%</b>	<b>37.7</b>	<b>184.0</b>	<b>7.5%</b>
sylvaner/rhin	271	323	52	7.0%	24.9	102.0	31.6%
pinot gris	52	56	4	1.2%	28.2	2.6	4.6%
chardonnay	46	68	22	1.5%	26.8	17.6	25.9%
humagne rouge	44	142	98	3.1%	24.2	17.5	12.3%
petite arvine	39	269	230	5.8%	18.8	92.5	34.4%
syrah	19	174	155	3.8%	22.8	27.6	15.9%
cornalin	14	165	151	3.6%	19.6	33.6	20.4%
savagnin blanc	14	216	202	4.7%	15.6	89.8	41.6%
merlot	1	147	146	3.2%	17.2	36.0	24.5%
«verbesserersorten»	6	262	256	5.7%	20.2	28.0	10.7%
andere Rebsorten	169	349	180	7.5%	22.6	53.1	15.2%
<b>Total</b>	<b>675</b>	<b>2'171</b>	<b>1'496</b>	<b>47.1%</b>	<b>22.7</b>	<b>501.0</b>	<b>23.0%</b>
<b>Total Weinberg</b>	<b>5'266</b>	<b>4'609</b>	<b>- 657</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>30.2</b>	<b>685.0</b>	<b>14.8%</b>